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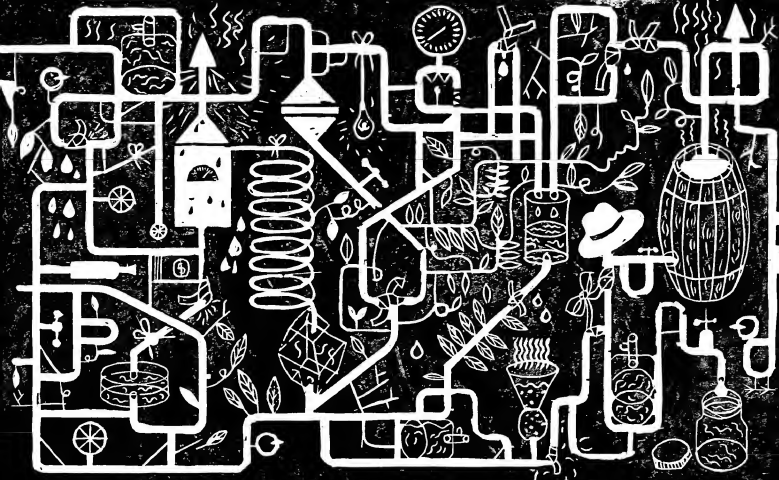
Issue 40 Fall/Winter '12 \$4.95

Little White Lies

Truth & Movies

A high-contrast, black and white graphic illustration of a man's face and upper torso. The man is wearing a fedora hat, which is rendered with horizontal lines. The face is characterized by dense, vertical hatching and cross-hatching to create shadows and highlights. The man has a slight smile and is looking directly at the viewer. He is wearing a dark suit jacket over a light-colored shirt with a dark, intricate pattern. The word "LAWLESS" is printed in large, white, sans-serif capital letters across the middle of the face, partially obscuring the eyes and nose.

LAWLESS





"JUST PULL THE
DAMN TRIGGER."

Lawless

Directed by JOHN HILLCOAT

Starring TOM HARDY, SHIA LABEAF, JESSICA CHASTAIN

Released SEPTEMBER 7

JOHN HILLCOAT'S BOOTLEGGING CAPER HAS PLENTY OF SPIRIT, BUT LACKS A TRULY REFINED FINISH.

You don't say "no" to Coen. Which is how John Hillcoat's moonshine drama found itself in the wrong place at the wrong time, earning an undeserved reputation as one of the festival's disappointments. Because *Lawless* is singularly sensitive to the jangled expectations of the Coens: too pulpy, too peppy, too violently unsatisfied. It's an impulsive, imperfect depiction of family, masculinity and authority — free-wheeling but episodic, punchy but never quite persuasive.

Based on Matt Bondurant's compulsively readable bio-saga, *The Waterbury County in the World*, *Lawless* pitches us into the creek-streaked woodlands of Prohibition-era Franklin County, Virginia. It's here that the Bondurant brothers, Forrest (Tom Hardy), Jack

(Shia LaBeauf) and Howard (Jesse Plemons), are making a name for themselves as roughhouse royalty in this moonshine kingdom, where every out-house and hollow hides a copper-bottomed whiskey still. Liquor flows out of these mountains like manure, like the run-off from a stream of corruption, money and blood.



The Bondurants are so deep-rooted in this county as the pines that shelter the landscape. Howard, the eldest, is a Great War veteran and rugged, aging drunk. Jack is the young man desperate to make something of himself, but it's Forrest who watches over them, trains and mans the redoubt of violence. Tom Hardy is cut close to perfection but almost a fault. **A-**





His Forrest is a creation of implacable will and simple truths. "I'm a Roadman," he intones, "and we don't lay down for nobody." He appears out from the earth itself, like some backwoods elemental, a character more imagined than performed.

Still carrying his *Warrior* leanings, Hardy imbues Forrest with brute animal grace: But he's too brooding, too off limits — to himself, to his family, to the audience — to invest him with real vitality. As *Lawless* unfolds, the guttural growls that make up the bulk of Forrest's dialogue become less taunts, more unilaterally condescending.

So it's left to others to take center stage, and it's here that *Lawless* comes into its own as an ensemble drama. There's Gary Oldman who deserves more screen time than he gets as Floyd Banner, the flamboyant gangster who gets Jack a break in the beer-forging business; There's Jesse Plemons as Magnus, the Windy City stripper searching for something in Franklin County that she finds in Forest. There's Chandler's Dean DeHaan, whose studied naivety as damaged still-band Cricket Pate recalls Leonardo DiCaprio's breakthrough role in *What's Eating Gilbert Grape*?

And then there's Special Agent Chester Rakes, brought menacingly, menacingly to life by Illinois regular Guy Pearce. Rakes, gun hand of the state's rural authorities, brings a new vision of progress to the "Yuking Hills" in Virginia: a confederation of moonshiners, a grand racket with the politicians at the center, sucking up the dirty money billowing out of the mountains.

If Rakes introduces a club of vikars to the county — a competing vision of America's future; the emergence of a vast corporate appetite

“Rakes queers the pitch, makes *Lawless* something close to camp but also illicit, and threatening. He galvanises the film when he’s on screen.”



to devour Franklin's soul by is a single swallow—he introduces something else entirely to the film. With skin stretched too tight over bone and muscle, pinprick eyes and almost erotic audacity, Rakos quivers the pitch, makes Lawless something else, something closer to camp but also threat, threatening and odd. Equal parts villainous and vulnerable, Rakos is a profoundly strange character, but he galvanizes the film whenever he's on screen.



Nowhere more so than his first encounter with Jack, where the pieces of Lawless fall into place and you're reminded that few directors can conduct the casual conversation of violence with the clarity and eloquence of Hillcoat. It may also be the point where Jim Laddcoat graduates into something more than Steven Spielberg's spoon-fed protégé: Jack has all the cracklepick energy of a proto-Clyde Barrow, but Laddcoat plays him, too, as an exercise in banishment—blooded, tear-streaked, frightened. It's the performance of an actor, rather than just a star.

And yet for all that, there's something missing in the dynamic between the Bonerangers. Only Jack has experienced any sort of arc by the time they reach a chaotic and tubercle showdown with Rakos, so you're left feeling something closer to curiosity than sympathy at their fate, never quite touched by its dramatic import.

But the real problem isn't about character at all. This is the first time Hillcoat has shot on digital, and the result is close to disastrous. Despite

being filmed on location in the forests of Georgia, Lawless lacks any kind of visual texture. The image is flat and over-lit, and though at first that offers a notable contrast to the evocative screen—normalizing and even domesticating these extremes of action and temperament—the lack of depth in the frame ultimately becomes overwhelming. Lawless isn't ugly, but it doesn't have the visual identity of, say, *The Road*, in which Javier Bardem's smoke-pained in shades of light and dark. Here, DP Benoit Delhomme appears powerless to contend with the elements in front of him, and the film is consequently leached of life.

And so for all the grit and event and gun smoke up there on screen, it remains intangible—at arm's length. You can see it, but you can't touch or taste it. You can't lose yourself in it as you could disappear into the shimmering haze of *The Proposition*. Lawless is a film of abundant potentiality, then—strange and edgy and flawed. It was never going to work in Cannes, but it doesn't quite work here, either. **MATTHEW KREWS**

ANTICIPATION A stunning cast, a compelling story and an uncompromising director Set higher to 'high'.

4

ENJOYMENT Some classic Hillcoat touches are offset by the film's lack of visual punch.

3

IN RES HOSPRETY Too much of the energy dissipates on screen, but this is striking and purposeful filmmaking.

3

DIRECTOR'S COMMENTARY



**JOHN HILLCOAT EXPLAINS HOW
ON-SET TENSION PROVIDED THE SPARK
FOR HIS BOOTLEGGING DRAMA.**

There's a saying: 'Films are made in the editing room'. Well, maybe, but it's a fool who overlooks the magic that occurs on set. Out of the pressure – budget concerns, unpredictable weather, the tick-tock-tick of time running out – comes a creative freedom that director John Hillcoat knows all too well. "Most filmmakers don't talk about it," he says, "but it's huge. It's like being on a rollercoaster that you can't get off."

But it's a rollercoaster that Hillcoat has bounded time and again. Over the last seven years, he has directed two brutal dramas that draw raw emotion out of their chosen environments. *The Proposition*, a grimy pseudo-western set in the oppressive climes of the Australian Outback, was Hillcoat's third feature, made in 2006 after a near-10-year hiatus from filmmaking. His 2009 adaptation of *The Road*, Cormac McCarthy's austere post-apocalyptic novel, saw a man and his son trudging through the embers of civilization.

Both productions came with a flurry of near-mythic anecdotes, describing the lengths to which Hillcoat and cast would go to capture the perfect performance. Whether shooting *The Proposition*'s grizzled ensemble – including Guy Pearce, John Hurt and Ray Winstone – in baking 52-degree heat, or encouraging Viggo Mortensen to plumb the depths of *The Road*'s decrepitude by losing

weight, rarely washing and sleeping in his costume, Hillcoat became known for eliciting extreme emotions in extreme contexts.

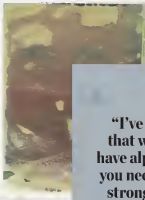
For his latest film, such extremity came from elsewhere. "Lowkey was the tightest schedule I've ever been involved with," the director explains, referring to the Spring 2011 shoot across the state of

Georgia, which wrapped in less than two months. "That was a different kind of pressure. We all had this huge challenge of trying to get the scenes done in a very short time, so there was a sense of urgency and focus while on set."

Unsurprisingly, the intense shoot and demanding script saw the film's simmering tension spill off-camera, and the tight-knit troupe, featuring high-profile stars such as Tom Hardy, Mia Wasikowska and Shia LaBeouf, experienced their fair share of friction. "Actors tend to echo some dramas off-screen," Hillcoat says, "including Shia trying to court Mia, and that not

working out. And a very intense and close relationship developed between Tom and Shia." The research process, during which the cast became perhaps a little too familiar with their characters' main occupation, moonshining, was also volatile. But Hillcoat found an ally in Jessica Chastain. "I've learned that when you have alpha males, you need a really strong woman there, too, and Jessica was enormously helpful." *—*





**"I've learned
that when you
have alpha males,
you need a really
strong woman
there, too."**

Handwritten note:
Brend
Sec @ FS G
Front Street

However, Hillcoat is quick to dispel assumptions that *A-list* egos can derail a production such as *Lawless*. An atmosphere of collaboration and camaraderie was fostered early on in rehearsals. At that stage, screenwriter Nick Cave would guide the cast through the script so the actors could acclimate without the time pressure of a shoot. "I learned very quickly through that process how each actor works and what their needs are," Hillcoat explains. "Sometimes those things would bubble up in the shoot, but as soon as you get the mutual respect, then you're all in it together. We all got to know each other in that rehearsal room."

Such a patient approach has served Hillcoat well. "Every actor is different as we all have personalities," he says. "Certainly some

approaches are easier for some people to work with than others, but I've developed a huge respect for what an actor has to do, which is be truthful in that moment under all this pressure. To really drag up the emotions in that way, in front of everyone, I think it is amazing, so I try to run with whatever it is."

Despite all the tales of past ordeals, Hillcoat challenges the stereotype of the dictatorial director, instead choosing to sit alongside his cast throughout the tumultuous journey. In his films, he doesn't so much manipulate his actors as facilitate their craft, which brings us back to the topic of location shooting. While the remote Georgia backwoods of *Lawless* may not have the overwhelming climate of *The Proposition*'s Outback, Hillcoat stresses the importance of embracing the great outdoors. In comparison to the sterile interiors of green screen studios, he says, the location "becomes like a

character that the actors react to." The environment is integral because "they feel it."

And because the cast and crew are all out there together, all pushing forward to a shared goal, there's the potential that something special can be achieved. "It keeps you on your toes, that's for sure," Hillcoat concludes, with just a hint of understatement. "But if there's this kind of common effort, then they want to raise each other's game. That's when it gets really magical. That's what we're all in it for, the reason we go through all this hell."

Five questions, nowhere to hide. Liam Neeson turns the screen on Lawless director John Dahl as he responds to our hardball survey.

Which film in the last five years do you wish you'd made and why?

Let the Right One In - I thought it was a perfect film. I like to be transported to another world where everything - the look, the feel, the acting, the sound - is working on multiple layers. It's just incredibly detailed and convincing in a great way.

What is your greatest professional regret?

Flailing too long between films and being bogged down by one single project. And taking seven years to finally break through that wall. When I started out, I'd be very fixated on one thing, and I lost a lot of momentum and time. I've finally figured that, actually, directors really need several things, because you never know which one will break through. Even *Lawless*, I didn't think it was going to be my next film, I thought it was going to be *Triple Nine*.

What is your most memorable moment on set?

One of the most amazing moments was with Robert Duvall on *The Road*. We only had him for two days. It was the nighttime scene, it was freezing cold and we were running out of time. I have enormous

respect for McCarthy's writing, and I wanted to be faithful to the book, and the dialogue of that scene was taken from the book. But it wasn't working. I couldn't put my finger on it. It was just one of those moments where we only had one or two more takes left. For the last take, I asked him to play around with it, not stick to the script,

make it very personal. What was weird was it had seemed too cerebral, so just by asking him to personalize it in some way that whole scene all came from him and that one take. The whole crew, the cast, all of us started clapping. We got it.

Who is your idol?

Robert Benson and Yasujiro Ozu. I'm most in awe of them because they show so much restraint. People have tried to imitate them. They're so specific, yet they're so simple. And that, to me, is just mind-blowing. I can never get there.

What will you be remembered for?

Unfortunately, for unleashing violence. I take violence very seriously. I am anti-violence. I've seen it, unfortunately, I've experienced it, and it's really horrible and really ugly and it's part of all of us. I'm interested in analyzing that in the characters - what makes it come out, and how it affects us. But, when it comes to my work, it's just that little bit without that people seem to fixate on. 







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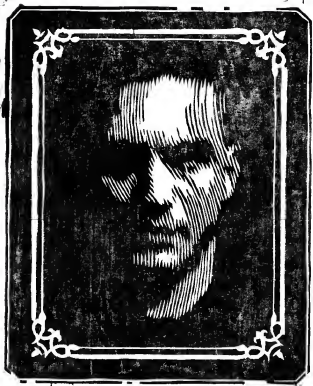
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failed to save Russia from drowning in drink



**NO
MORE
MORE
DRAMA**

LW LIES GOES NOSE-TO-NOSE WITH TOM HARDY
AND LIVES TO TELL THE TALE.



WORDS BY ADAM B. VARY



de Tins, Hardy about his tattoo and he'll lift up his shirt to reveal them. Our anonymous show and tell session has barely begun before EW.com is teasing a Hardy's naked torso and the mystery of scars that cover his chest, shoulders and upper arms. "Every one reminds me of something in my life, an event, a person, a place," he explains.

Almost the entirety of Hardy's top half is adorned with a constellation of lacerations and memories he's been steadily accumulating since he was 15. There's a Union Jack emblazoned above his heart ("To remind me where I came from"), and across his collarbone the words 'poder fieri' (power father). Elsewhere: Hardy's house, a scale and the

mother of his son (each have their own special tributes). But it's the redlined punk flesh surrounding his forehead ink that catches the eye. "I got this a couple of days ago," he reveals, flexing a patch of skin above his right knee between thumb and forefinger. "I O&R." "To observe and reflect," translates Hardy. "My acting creed."

It's not uncommon to be greeted in a personable manner by a high-profile star, but Hardy's readiness to expose himself so early in our meeting comes as a surprise. This cerebral, unguarded disposition is entirely at odds with the tough-guy persona he exudes to such formidable effect on screen. No sooner has the ice broken, however, than the mood turns sour. Hardy picks up a copy of *INLINE* and positioned on the horizontal in front of him, looking through below peering on a spread. It's the "Time to Die" visual feature comprising photographer David Hockney's darkly compelling *To You Must to Die Today* collection.

He scans each image with focused intent, taking the candy mascot head he's been growling for the past three months into his chest while keeping his eyes locked on the page. In a bid to snap Hardy out of his trance, EW.com offers some context, explaining that the photographs represent each subject's chosen fantasy death scenario - that's just it. *Silence*. Then the seemingly innocuous but near fatal question slips out: what would your scene be?

In one swift motion Hardy drops the mag and spins a full 90 degrees. We're now inches apart. Nose-to-nose. As if the elongated S-shaped sofa we're sharing has cooled valiantly, forcing us to invade each other's personal space. "I really don't appreciate you taking me a question like that," Hardy growls. His fierce, penetrating eyes are fixed upon an unblinking stare. "Have you ever had a near-death experience?" he asks.

"I'm speaking from experiential knowledge and I can tell you it's not something to be taken lightly. If you want to talk to me about death you've got to come from that place. It's like asking someone, 'How many people have you killed?' You understand what I'm saying?"

Sensing Hardy at on the verge of cutting the interview short (or something worse) EW.com extends an olive branch, making it shockingly clear we're not here to unsettle or antagonize him. He sits back, takes a moment to collect himself and prepares for a change of subject. But almost immediately Hardy jolts forward again. "I'm sorry, man. You've just touched on a spot that's very sensitive. You have no idea how close to something I am right now in my personal life. No fucking idea. It's not your fuck, I understand that, but you've really struck a nerve."

"I don't want you to get the wrong impression of me," he continues, "I don't want you thinking I'm a dick. Generously, that question, what it evokes is very close to home right now. Those photos just really fucked the shit out of me. At the moment I'm very close to sense that that you're touching on that's very, very sensitive. You've pushed a massive button on me and I'm just not really in a place to talk about what's going on right now. I wish I could get into it with you, but that ain't the time or the place. Death is a very serious reality to me."



Irrespective of whatever recent personal trauma has made mortality such a sensitive issue, his heated reaction reveals something of the non-defensive attitude that has come to define Hardy's trademark 10-year pursuit of stardom. Today, he's one of British cinema's most in-demand exports, having

established himself as a proven movie star in *Inception* and *Trainer Trainer Soldier Spy*, and more recently landing meaty roles in *Lawless*, *The Dark Knight Rises* and next year's *Mad Max* reboot.

Ten years ago the picture looked a lot different. "I had a few shot at Hollywood and it went to my head," recalls Hardy. "I started doing things I shouldn't have been doing, mixing with people I shouldn't have been mixing with. I was a fucking mess. The fuck got to me, I guess."

Hardy's battle with the demons of his early celebrity came to a head in 2000, when he voluntarily entered a rehab clinic for alcoholism and cocaine addiction. After getting clean, he found work with a small theatre company, took up writing and slowly made his way back onto the screen through a string of TV dramas. As far as the film industry was concerned, however, Hardy was muted. No studio was willing to touch him. The scripts dried up.

Then Hardy's friend, Kelly Marcel, approached him with a rough draft of a screenplay written with him in mind for the lead role. They took a UK filmmaker who he wrote it, fired Hardy and brought in Jason Statham. The Stath had it written again then walked away, before it eventually fell into the lap of Nicolas Winding Refn. Suddenly, Hardy was back in contention, but he still had to convince Refn he was the right man — the only man — for the job. "He didn't take much of a shine to me at first," Hardy admits. "I fought damn hard to make *Brünnhilde* happen. I think the thing that swung it for me in the end was the fact I was doing it for me. It got to the point where I just thought, 'If I never get another shot at Hollywood, fine.' I wasn't doing it for the fame anymore; I was doing it for the love of acting." ■

The sweet irony is that Brownson became Hardy's selling card after it went down a storm. Stranded, Tim looking destined to be remembered as just another hot young burn out, suddenly Hollywood was abuzz with talk of a British Brawler. "People really took notice. Doors that weren't open before were beginning to pick open," he reflects. "Things really changed for me after that because I let go of so much, of worrying about the risk, of the fear of facing battles and worrying about failure."

Through sheer grit and stubbornness Hardy had risen to his feet and, with nothing to lose, he set his sights on breaking America. The following summer he signed on to *Blade*, but after months of prep work the studio decided he wasn't going to make the grade. He was devoted, incredibly, but hackable enough. Even the MMA experts who trained him said he'd never make the weight to be a convincing fighter. Hardy wouldn't have it. He went deep, let the gym and packed on top of solid muscle (a physique he would regain in order to portray Batman in *The Dark Knight*). *Blade*? Recognizing Hardy's muscle, the studio changed its mind. "Doing *Blade* was the biggest change in terms of my career because it was my first American movie," he explains. "It was a huge transformation, not just a physical one but a cultural one."



The huge emotional and physical strain Hardy has endured over the course of his career, coupled with the skin margin of actors that make it to the top of the pile, makes his career ascendance all the more improbable. In truth, his entire journey has been against the odds. Hardy studied at two private schools but struggled academically, a failing he attributes to his short attention span and lack of guidance. He was an overactive child with an addictive personality. By the time he left school he was unemployed, restless and growing up fast.

Hardy hit no before he was finally encouraged to constructively channel his self-proclaimed narcissism. But while the pleasure he took from performing on front of an audience validated his move into acting, once more it was the doubters that stalked the fire. "I'm an addict," confesses Hardy. "Which means if you tell me I can't do something I'll do it. If I tell myself I want to do something, however hard or grueling it might be, I'll do it. Even if it terrifies me. You've got to be an absolute fucking nutcase to pursue a career in acting," he continues. "Either that or you need to really believe in what you're doing. Everyone who said I'd never make it gave me that self belief."

Given what it's taken for Hardy to get to this point, it's no wonder he doesn't take nonsense of a more casual nature lightly. The night before our conversation, Hardy joined his fellow *Devil* cast members alongside director John Dahlmo at the film's world premiere in Cannes. "Barred and unforgiving" is how Hardy describes the experience of being greeted by motorcade to the red carpet. On arrival he was greeted by haying stacks of popcorn and adoring fans. "I felt like a movie star," he beams, "like how I'd always imagined movie stars feel."

You get the impression, though, that none of it — as sheer the addiction, the fame, not the wealth — would matter a thing to Hardy if he weren't able to share it with the people who have pushed him all the way. "Leaving myself up there on the screen and having my loved ones by my side, I missed the release as much, like their faith in me had been rewarded. For the first time I felt that release, too. I was able to see where I was and I realized, 'Fuck, it's taken 18 years to get here.' It's taken that long to arrive, I'm not going to let go now. I don't want to die today." ☺

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WILLIAMS**

**SETH
ROGEN**

**LOWE
KIRBY**

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MATT BONDURANT'S BOOK, *THE WETTEST COUNTY IN THE WORLD*, LIFTS THE LID ON HIS FAMILY'S MYTHIC HISTORY OF MOONSHINING. HE GIVES *LWLIES* AN INSIGHT INTO HOW HE PIECED TOGETHER THE STORY, AND THE ARCHIVE IMAGES THAT INSPIRED HIM.

BONDURANT BOY

WORDS AND IMAGES BY MATT BONDURANT
ILLUSTRATION BY JABRIZ



It originally began with the discovery of the 1930 shooting at Maggodes Creek. My father, who was an avid genealogical researcher, came across a newspaper article that talked about a shooting in which his father, Jack Bonduroz, was shot, along with his uncle Forrest. My grandfather was still alive at the time so my dad went and asked him about it. He said, "Oh yeah," and showed him the bullet hole that went through his chest.

"That sparked a lot of research on the part of my father — he started to compile more newspaper articles about the Bonduroz 'heaps' as they were known. He knew that my grandfather had been involved in illegal activities, but he wasn't really aware that he was *that* involved — that his father was an infamous figure in the county at the time, along with his brothers.

"Then around 10 or 12 years ago, I started looking at old newspapers and collecting all the images I could find, and those really helped me extrapolate some of the key themes

of the book. There's also a book of court transcripts from the Great Franklin County Moonshine Conspiracy trial of 1939, written by a guy called T. Maxine Greer. My grandfather and his brothers were brought in as witnesses and through these transcripts I got to hear their language and a lot of the things they said. There are no audio recordings of them, obviously, there are no letters from any of these brothers, no diaries or memoirs. We have very little to go on so this was all helpful — to read and hear some of the things they said. That was instrumental in piecing things together.

"Other elements of the story — when one of the brothers gets his throat cut, or aspects of Forrest's relationship with Maggie — are fairly stories that have been known around Franklin County for a long time. They're almost apocryphal. It was a matter of putting some of those things together along with whatever I could find in the historical record and weaving them together to construct a dramatic narrative."



I love the details in this photo: the muddy, deeply rutted road; the way my grandfather, Bertin Blatz, holds the end of a tree limb, his wet, serious face. He is trying to impress someone.

This is a picture of my grandfather, Jack Bonduroz, circa 1939. He can't look to be seven feet or maybe nine, and note the leather driving gloves. The motorcycle, and those rakish details with the seat, put me in mind of a 1930s car and rural background told me a lot about my grandfather as a young man. There are no journals or letters to consult, and he never talked of that time, not even to his own children.





A casual photo of a young Bertha on the back of a car. This seemed like the kind of picture young inner-city kids, goofing around.

This is the gun that shot Jack and Forrest. After he shot Forrest, Charlie Rakes said to him, "Oh, yes, you are that goddamned hard-headed son of a bitch!" Then he tried to shoot Howard as well, but another deputy knocked his gun hand down. Rakes was determined to kill them all that day. Nobody knows exactly why. He gets some rough treatment in my novel and even worse in the film. But the men shot my grandfather at close range, tried to kill him and his brothers. Fuck him.



Figure 10
The gun with which Charlie Rakes shot the brothers.
Photograph courtesy of "Chris Rakes, Charlie Rakes' son."



Bertha stands in men's overalls, with a large television-style still in the background. This photo gave rise to the scene where Jack takes her to see his wife. The man's nose and large mustache that's wearing make it seem like they're disguised for some reason. My grandfather was an especially strict woman, at least when I knew her in her later years. Hate you can see the vibrant young woman she was once. She is clearly leaving her.



That is Jack sometimes in the upper. He told my father that when he was a teenager he spent a year saving up for a special pair of boots. I like to think that those high-topped sneakers are the very ones.

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WOUNDED MEN IN
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SUPPORT OF
DRAL PROJECT

WOUNDED MEN IN GRAVE CONDITION

**Dundee Says Builders Hope I
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Abbey of America**

Forest Ranger Is Given
Blood Transfusion—Dapuy
Supplies Food

The 1992 newspaper article from *The Knoxville Times* detailing the injuries of Jack and Forrest after the shooting. It was one of the first pieces of evidence about the shooting I found, and the gravity of the situation was shocking - they both nearly died.

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

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A Mark Magidson Production A Ron Fricke Film

SAMSARA

PRODUCED BY MARK MAGIDSON AND RON FRICKE. WRITTEN BY MARK MAGIDSON. DIRECTED BY MARK MAGIDSON AND RON FRICKE. CASTING BY JANE WOOD. COSTUME DESIGNER: JANE WOOD. HAIR: JANE WOOD. MAKEUP: JANE WOOD. PRODUCTION DESIGNER: JANE WOOD. EXECUTIVE PRODUCERS: JANE WOOD, MARK MAGIDSON, AND RON FRICKE. PRODUCED BY: JANE WOOD, MARK MAGIDSON, AND RON FRICKE. WRITTEN BY: MARK MAGIDSON. DIRECTED BY: MARK MAGIDSON AND RON FRICKE. CASTING BY: JANE WOOD. COSTUME DESIGNER: JANE WOOD. HAIR: JANE WOOD. MAKEUP: JANE WOOD. PRODUCTION DESIGNER: JANE WOOD. EXECUTIVE PRODUCERS: JANE WOOD, MARK MAGIDSON, AND RON FRICKE. PRODUCED BY: JANE WOOD, MARK MAGIDSON, AND RON FRICKE.

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ARROW FILMS



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FOUR LEADING
PRODUCTION DESIGNERS
REVEAL HOW THEY
BROUGHT THEIR VISIONS
OF VINTAGE AMERICA
TO THE SCREEN.

A DESIGNING OLD AMERICA

WORDS BY DAN STEWART
ILLUSTRATION BY MAGGIE LI

Whether it's a bootlegging distillery in a ramshackle Georgia farmhouse or a Prohibition speakeasy filled with cigar-chomping wiseguys, images of vintage America have been seared onto our brains by generations of movies. Who is responsible for giving those iconic images currency?

Step forward the production designers. Sets, costumes, props, make-up—they oversee it all, from the earliest days of production until the last reel is in the can. EW.com spoke to four production designers whose work has been staged in classic Americana to find out how they do it. *—J*

**CHRIS KENNEDY
LAWLESS**

We started by going to situate all the locations in the book, *The Wildest Country in the World*, and meeting some of the families who'd been involved in making movie-one back in the day. They're still doing it. They'll just take you into the back and say, "You want some?" The history there is still totally alive.

"We went to Georgia and discovered this little valley beside a millpond in Peach Tree City. It was perfect. But we couldn't find the gas station where the Bonham brothers lived. So I said to the producer 'Let's just build it. Then we can shoot interiors and exteriors at the same time.' He took a bit of convincing but he agreed in the end. I think he might have regretted it later.

"We had about eight weeks of pre-production, which was ridiculous. It was such a tiny amount of time, all the research I could do was go online. I downloaded a few thousand pictures and refined that down to two or three pictures of this one gas station. The idea was to do a faithful recreation of this one specific place. And we thought a bit about how it had become a gas station. This land has been in the Appalachians for generations, what had they done there? So we decided it was a farmhouse with a barn that they'd turned into a coach stop for when the roads were built, then a gas station when automobiles came along. It was important for it to have a life of its own.

"Eight weeks to go before production started, it was just John [Hillcoat], me and a production manager in a hotel room in Peach Tree City. No one else, no nothing. We spent two weeks getting a crew together, another week dealing with some union issues, then on one scene shot the whole place down for another week. We had four weeks before shooting to have that entire place finished. Four seven-day weeks, working 12- to 18-hour-a-day with go construction staff from New York. It was a nightmare. We were painting and decorating it while it was still being built. I remember thinking, 'I just want a day when someone doesn't ask me, "When colour is this done?"' When do you want this done?"

"Historically, I do research and I produce a little of references—photographs, text, film stills—and send them to everyone on the movie. But I didn't have time for that here. In this kind of situation your intuition takes over. Building your own set on location has a fantastic effect on the actors' performances. If actors can actually move into that world, to the extent that they can open a cupboard and find stuff that's supposed to be in there, then it's much easier for them to get into characters and create a performance."

**J MICHAEL RIVA
DJANGO UNCHAINED**

"Historically, period patterns are the easiest to do. The reference beam are set out. If you have a hairy boy look, you've more or less got a guidebook in front of you. But Quentin [Tarantino] didn't want to make a 'period' movie. The setting needed to be a little looser than just the 1850s, when the movie is set. We mixed periods a little. We had darker period references, but also took certain things from spaghetti westerns and more modern movies. We went considered with verisimilitude, rather than authenticity.

"The important thing was to find things that fitted into the world that Quentin had created in the script. It's a world that doesn't really exist, of course, but it was important that it felt believable. There's a certain gaze that they use, for example, it was about 30 or 40 years out of period. But it looked real, and it sounded great. You've just got to find that sweet spot where everyone on board is like, 'Yeah, that's perfect!'

"Another example in Django's glasses. Jesus Christ when these ladies looking sunglasses. Now they're not from the 1850s, they're actually true to that period. But they look wrong. Other directors might have said, 'No, these look too modern. People won't believe it.' But with Quentin, that's perfect. Not only is it period, but it also looks real. And with the movie, the soundtrack is full of contemporary songs—there's more Jay-Z on them, more Johnny Cash. So something like that wouldn't stick out as much.

"Of course, I wouldn't put it in if I thought it would distract from the movie. But here, the script and dialogue are so good that you're not worried about taking away from it. And luckily the sunglasses work for Django's character. They make an individual statement about who he is, what he has become. They make him seem more modern, more anti-slavery. They display his confidence. You can't see his eyes, so you can only imagine what's going on behind them."



JOHN MYHRE
CHICAGO

"With *Chicago*, we were tasked with building two separate worlds. One was the real world of Paula Kincaid and *Chicago* and the other was a fantasy world of theatre and glamour. That was the fun of the movie. When Roxa [Renee Zellweger] would enter into her room, she saw a very theatrical version of the world. That was Rob Marshall's idea. Here the get-go. We used to have 'room set meet ups', where we discussed how to segue from the real world to the fantasy world. You know, a lamp in Roxa's apartment would become a lamp in a sleazy nightclub. How does a courtroom become a circus?"

"A lot of our inspiration for *Chicago* came from old gangster films from the 1930s. It better suited the stagey thing to draw from the glamorous images of that world. It had to be fairly realistic but still fanciful. Some of our key images came from a painter, Raphael Marchi, who created these theatrical paintings of dancing girls. It gave us our colour palette and inspired some of the images we used in the movie. We didn't want the movie to look like museum pieces came to life, we wanted it to look snappy, modern. The old, faded glory of a swanking theatre, age and decay."

"We worked predominantly as period movie men. Right now, the proping a remake of *The Thin Man*, again with Rob Marshall. It's set in New York in 1934, which is wildly different from our conception of New York at that time. I was surprised. Did you know that as downtown Manhattan in 1934, people were still driving horse-drawn carriages? In the 1930s, the poor of New York created a tenement called 'Hooverville' right in the middle of Central Park. I have a photo, and you'd think it was a visual effect. We just thought, 'We have to use it. People won't expect it.' It's one of my favourite things to surprise people, showing them things they'd never expect."

LAURENCE BENNETT
THE ARTIST

"I took a call from my agent asking me if I wanted to do, in his words, a 'cray little project.' It's in black and white; he said 'I'm not director, no stars attached.' 'Great,' I said, 'got me the script.' 'Yeah, but Laurence,' he said 'it's a silent movie.' 'Get me the fucking script,' I said. I was intrigued. As soon as I read it, I knew it was something very special. Boy? No. No one could possibly have known what would happen to it."

"It was a real pleasure to design a silent movie. It's a purely visual form of communication, which makes your job all the more important. But at the same time, it was like my other movie in that the design began and ends with the story. You must never upstage the screen. So it was a delicate balancing act. As far as period went, the trick was to be as authentic as possible without taking the audience out of the movie, to be one to the spirit of the period, rather than the letter."

"Working in black and white was hard. We had endless film tests for sets, costumes and material to make sure they looked right in black and white. I have never worked so closely with a director of photography as I did on this movie. When you lack colour and hue, you have to rely on light, texture and pattern. And we were still testing materials as the movie was shooting."

"But we actually created many of the sets in black and white. I couldn't resist it. Everything that was the real world was coloured as it would be in the real world. George's apartment was designed neurotically, as well as it could be. But all the film sets were decorated as a palette of greys, blacks and whites as much as possible."

"Period stuff is no money is hard. On this movie, I think we had a budget of around \$11 million. It's not much in Hollywood terms. It limits your options, you have to make smart choices. And on that, it wasn't just money it was time. It was a 35-day shoot with only eight weeks of prep – not nearly as much as I would have liked. But it proved to me that good, solid movies will overcome their constraints. This was really a labour of love. And faith." 





THIS IS HISTORY



STATEMENT BY THE ARTIST

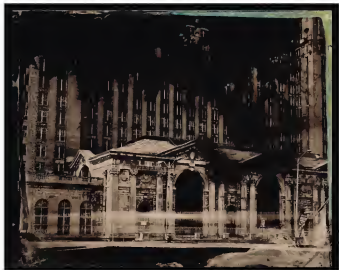
Homeland is a Wet Plate Collodion photograph documenting the collapse of the American economy by focusing on the people who are re-constructing and rebuilding life within a 10th documenting grassroots efforts across the country, this project aims to connect disparate communities and individuals into a national movement with common ideological thoughts.

Cities such as New Orleans, Detroit, Pittsburgh and New York will be documented, as well as many smaller towns and rural areas in between. The range of projects documented will include urban farms, kente collectives, off the grid homes, alternative fuel projects, art and theatre collectives,

community centers, food schools and after school programs, organic markets, tent cities and many other grassroots social practices.

These grassroots practices are being sought out because of my belief that they constitute a robust counter-movement to major social and economic failures of globalized American capitalism. I also believe that the individuals who live in the areas of this country that have been most neglected by industry and government have been more able to adapt to changing infrastructure with visionary spirit. It is within this context of renewal within collapse that I create *Homeland*.

ROBIN HASTY USES VINTAGE PHOTOGRAPHY TO
CAST A FRESH LIGHT ON MODERN AMERICA.



ABANDONED TRAIN STATION, DETROIT, MI

★

WET PLATE COLLODION TINTYPE

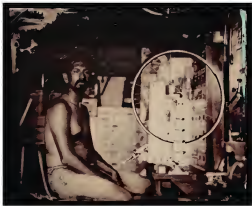
4" X 5"

2011

BICYCLE MECHANIC AT LA
ECO-VILLAGE, LOS ANGELES, CA

WET PLATE COLLODION TINTYPE

4" X 5"
2011



BEN WOLF, NEIGHBOURHOOD
SCULPTOR, DETROIT, MI

WET PLATE COLLODION TINTYPE

6" X 8"
2011



NEIGHBOURHOOD KIDS, DETROIT, MI

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WET PLATE COLLODION TINTYPE

4" X 5"

2011

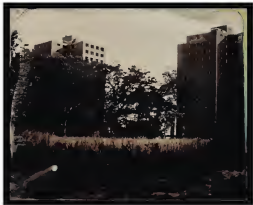
LEONARD, MAJOR OF SALVATION
MOUNTAINS, SLAB CITY, CA

WET PLATE COLLODION TINTYPE
4" X 5"
2011



ABANDONED PROJECTS, DETROIT, MI

WET PLATE COLLODION TINTYPE
4" X 5"
2011



COMPOSER NICK CAVE TAKES US INTO THE
PROCESS OF CREATING THE *LAWLESS* SOUNDTRACK
— A CONTEMPORARY BLUEGRASS CLASSIC.

INTERVIEW BY ADAM WOODWARD



Intensely talented, Brighton-based Doornan, songwriter, author, screenwriter, composer, occasional film actor and all-round dale Nick Cave has been collaborating with fellow Aussie John Hillcoat since 1988, when he started in and scored Hillcoat's directorial debut *Once... of the Civil Dead*. Since then he's written music for each of Hillcoat's four subsequent features with regular partner Warren Ellis, plus screenplays for 2004's *The Proposition* and new *Lawless*.

Away from film, he's released 24 studio albums with the Red

Skins, two spontaneous LPs with alt-rock group Grinderman, and penned a couple of novels for good measure — the most recent of which, *The Death of Bunny Munro*, began life as a screenplay for Hillcoat. Here, Cave describes the processes and partnerships that informed the making of the bluegrass-infused *Lawless* soundtrack.

EW: What was the initial concept for the *Lawless* soundtrack?

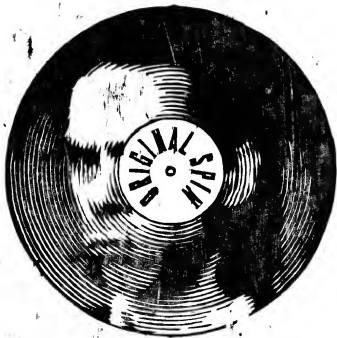
NC: Cee. Very early on, John [Hillcoat] and I decided that we wanted to do a soundtrack that was based on songs. But we also felt that the very top range American style soundtrack had already been done by the Coen brothers in *O Brother Where Art Thou?* Because of the nature of the story we thought we would do something that was much more rough, with more guttural performances. And the way we went about doing that was to do the music ourselves, we did our own versions of old negro music using a bunch of people that actually had no idea how to play that kind of stuff. We felt that would give it a more feel.

Why did you decide to use mostly contemporary songs?

We tried to make a point about that fact that a lot of what's going on in the story still goes on to this day. We also did versions of existing songs. For example, we had the Velvet Underground song "White Light/White Heat" sung by Ralph Stanley, who's a kind of jewel in the crown of bluegrass music. And we did stuff with Eminem's *Stans* in such the same way.

"White Light/White Heat" is famously about heroin and amphetamines abuse. Was Ralph aware of that?

He wasn't familiar with the song and I think he had one syllable rained throughout the recording. It was very amusing, there were definitely a few times where you could see him questioning his own wisdom in allowing himself to be involved with this. But it turned out beautifully, and Lou Reed actually dropped by for a few days to record some stuff, so that really added to it. *W*



You formed a band for the soundtrack, The Ecologgers. How did that come about?

It's basically me and Warren [Ellis]. We brought in George Yonson, who's a wonderful guitarist we've worked with before, and a girl called Lella Moss. Lella came in to demo the stuff for Emmylou, but she blew us away so we ended up using her. It was just a makeshift band but we were offered all kinds of access to the great scenes musicians working in LA. But whenever me and Warren took on any soundtrack there needs to be a personal connection to the music, so we often end up playing everything ourselves. Obviously, when we need to get strong and rock on we do, but basically it's just us. I think that gives a kind of intimacy to what we do that you sometimes lose with session musicians.

Did you keep the screenplay and the music separate during the writing process?

Very much together actually. When I'm writing a screenplay I always like to have the music in my head. It depends on the screenplay, though. The *Propaganda* had musical cues in the script, much to everyone's horror, because at that stage I really didn't know how to write a screenplay and so I probably broke a bunch of rules. But for now we talked a lot about the music while I was writing the script. In fact, there were some scenes left open because we wanted the music to inform the mood.

Can you give us an example?

When Tom Hardy has his scene with the thugs outside the bar the description of how he kills and the way the snow falls around him is quite long and detailed in the script. It's deliberately lengthy because it gives enough room for a whole verse of that song to play out.

What was the main thematic thrust for the soundtrack?

The main thing was prohibition. Not prohibition as it's most commonly known today but modern day prohibition, which we see as the current policy on drugs. It's widely acknowledged that prohibition of alcohol didn't work, and we feel the same way about the current drug laws that cause a lot of grief and harm. Basically we were going to open the film with an incredible rapid-fire montage showing prohibition through the ages, starting with Prozac, morphine and going back through heroin dealing in New York right back to John Hancock. We wanted to make a point about the fact prohibition has always existed in some form or another. That's why we have someone like Ralph Stanley singing a contemporary song about drug taking.

Tell us about the actual recording process.

We booked most of the tracks out in a studio in Brighton owned by Diddy. We did it in a very rough way. There were all sorts of small problems because we didn't separate anything, we were just hanging every on different instruments in the same room. Some people considered it unworkable, there was a lot of pressure for us to do it again. But we went out in the end. It was just a matter of taste, I think. The way people work on construction is very different to the way Warren and I go about things. We're always faced with problems because of how we choose to record things. We record quickly and unconventionally. We approach things in a very rock'n'roll way because that's where we come from. We know what we're doing but a lot of the time other people don't know we know what we're doing. It's constant battle, but I think we're winning so far. ☺

Head to the iTunes website in the week of the film's release to see Mick Cave's crackle-rock breakdown of the Lawless OST with accompanying audio clips.



WORDS BY BETHANY BUTTER
ILLUSTRATION BY EVE LLOYD KNIGHT

SHINE-ON

GET PISSED OR DIE TRYING WITH A
LAWLESS-STYLE MOONSHINE RECIPE.

The modern whiskey lover's night life is as easy as the roof of a house rather than a mountain hollow, but in Franklin County, the homestew brood trade is alive and well. Although today's liquor is mostly exported to low-income areas of big cities, residents

of Virginia are still known to bring the occasional jar of moonshine down to a party, and various ailments can supposedly be cured by a mixture of moonshine, tree bark and roots. For a taste of the Blue Ridge Mountains, grab up the following gear and get brewing.

YOU'LL NEED

A few large ceramic pots
A large pressure cooker
Coiled copper piping
1½ lbs. cornmeal
200 lbs. sugar
100 gallons of water
6 lbs. yeast
Charcoal

INSTRUCTIONS

Heat water on the stove until it reaches a steady boil.
Add cornmeal to make mash.
Set aside the mash and let it cool until it's warm to the touch.
Add sugar and yeast.
Put the mash to one side and let it ferment for five days.

When the mash stops bubbling it is ready; you now have your mash, or beer.

Put the sour mash into the pressure cooker until it reaches 125 degrees Fahrenheit and the alcohol content rises to the top.

Using a coiled copper pipe passed through cold water, trap off alcohol vapors in a vessel.

As the vapors from the hot pressure cooker pass through the cold copper tubing, they slowly condense to form liquid moonshine.

To make the beverage fit for consumption, filter it through charcoal. ☺





WARNING!

EWZee accepts no responsibility for horrible accidents or horrible fiery deaths sustained during this process.

HAMMERED

WORDPLAY
SERRILL WIGGS

ILLUSTRATION BY
ADRIAN JOHNSON

&

SICKLE

SIX YEARS BEFORE AMERICAN PROHIBITION, TSAR NICOLAS II OUTLAWED THE SALE OF LIQUOR IN RUSSIA. BUT HE COULDN'T SAVE THE EMPIRE FROM DROWNING IN VODKA - AS ONE LIVES CORRESPONDENT DISCOVERED.





It's noon and I wake up in my own bed feeling good. I've just had my first big night out in Kyrgyzstan, a former Soviet republic in Central Asia where I'll be working for the next year. It was a laugh: had a couple of vodka shots chased with slobbers of sour pickled squashes I call "GFCs"; insightful conversations about the country; a quick dance and a cheap taxi home. But rolling over I notice that the mattress is wet there's an empty bucket on the floor and the curtains are pebble-dashed with carrot chunks.

My memory aside where my shame begins. Turns out it wasn't a few shots, it was four but this becomes five at 10, the clock about Kyrgyzstan punctuated a toast every three minutes, and, after kissing a girl I didn't leave on the dance floor. I poured out cold to the taxi and had to be dragged up three flights of steps, something my head against the concrete walls all the way; puking violently and wailing as if I was being abused. The houses don't burn. I'm not hungover. Vodka has 'special' powers. It is explicitly becomes part of my daily life.

A Muslim country, Kyrgyzstan has no real history of drinking strong spirits. They learned that from the Russians, who absorbed Central Asia into their vast empire in the nineteenth century. Sometimes a glass of sweet vodka in a toast to everything from the start of summer to the birth of a new baby to the death of a squabbling fox has been part of the Russian soul for centuries.



*But Nicholas II introduced prohibition to the country in 1904 – six years before America – but the little again drunk has been a long, slow defeat. According to medical journals *The Lancet*, in 1900 vodka had its moonshine victory was to blame for more than half of all deaths of Russian men aged 25-54, and a few weeks of women; two Dostoevsky accidents, barrels alcohol*

poisoning and disinfectant diseases have dragged the average age of Russians down to just the infant and precocious, vodka has sailed to the coast of Russian society.

With an alcohol content of between 40-55 percent and a taste that had to swallow the only reason to drink vodka is to get drunk. The ritual is simple. It's poured in small measures and sipped to the toast, 'Bo Zhenitsa' ('To her/his'), followed by a sliver of fruit juice or a salty snack such as cured fish, smoked cheese, ice or pickled vegetables. In company a shot is taken at least every half an hour – more often at weddings and birthdays – and the bottle top is often thrown away when the first drinks are poured.

*The use of vodka, which gets its name from the root, dissolutive form of water, 'voda', a related form a far-reaching hard-drinking culture. Medieval Russians actually sipped mead and a low-alcohol eye-bored beer called 'kvass'. A fusion of both religious and secular ceremonies, drinking was even oblige they in certain occasions. As historian David Christian writes in his book *Living Water: Vodka and Russian Society on the Eve of Emancipation*, 'vodka' itself regarded as an item of necessity rather than an indulgence.'*

But indulgent it became. When distilled grape wines arrived from Europe in the late fifteenth century, monks quickly learned how to distil fermented from grain, and vodka was born. Its reputation as a hard-drinking drink was earned instantly: the Turkish gave vodka in his specialty, the special police force that came to use their vodka to lose, rape, burn, kill and violence in his name.

To adulterate 'dirty water' to his things, Peter opened state-owned 'trading', or taverns, which became popular meeting hubs with peasants, too – so popular that by 1764 a third of the country's men were in debt to them and so motivated to making accusations. In an effort to stop out house production, Peter the Great felt, it's thought, drank up to one liter of vodka a day and motivated all workers, especially Turks, made it obligatory to have a

source is self vodka. Yet most of the spirit available, whether official, bootleg or moonshine, was however being filled with impurities that led to be consumed in one until Catherine the Great made vodka production a privilege of the upper classes, who introduced chemical filtration.

Double or triple filtered and consequently much smoother, vodka became easier to drink, so more people did. Aghast at its role in Russian society, a priest from the Yermolov region near Moscow described a number of incidents in his village in a letter to the Imperial Geographic Society in the late 18thc. 'Even on days which are not festivals, the [people] will try not to miss an opportunity of getting drunk,' the priest wrote. 'If he is contracted to build a house or chop wood, he has to drink a litinka [glass], if someone is hired, again a drink; if someone has concluded a contract, a drink; or brought logs to start building, or sold something. Not one drinking session goes without a fight. Sometimes it happens that men, after exchanging several full-blooded blows without understanding why, will ask each other, "What are you fighting about?" and then they drink three roubles in a half bottle of podgore [a 30-40 per cent proof brandy wine]. But even the most hardened drinkers will return home at midnight, or early in the morning, sleep, sober himself up with beer and work as hard as ever until the next Sunday'.

If that sounds like an average summer bank holiday weekend in Britain, drinking in this nineteenth century Russian village involved masses as well. 'It's one thing for the peasants to drink, but they also teach their children to drink,' the priest explained. 'One can hardly fail to be sur-

prised when a child who cannot yet walk or talk reaches out for vodka, asks for some with gestures, or gives some, and then drinks it with glee.' And a four- or five-year-old will drink a full glass!



By the beginning of the twentieth century there was one bootlegging distillery for every 10 households. Finally, in 1903, anti-drunk campaigners Demetrius Tchabakoff, a former passenger-turned-militant, lobbied hard for prohibition. Given that drunken men were leaving across the land and Russians were drinking 80m casks of vodka a year – providing the state with around 40 per cent of its revenue – he had his work cut out. 'It dawned upon me that Russian bureaucracy did not want the people to become sober, for the reason that it was easier to rule successfully a drunken mob than a sober people,' Tchabakoff told the *New York Times*.

Tchabakoff eventually got the government on board after convincing the Tsar that the rise in socialist agitation was apparently fuelled by vodka-soaked workers. But prohibition wasn't enacted until the outbreak of World War I, when the authorities discovered that some soldiers were too drunk to load trains or to submachine-guns for the front line. That year the Russian army seized shops/breweries to cut alcohol and confiscated over 530 million litres of vodka. Prohibition remained in effect during the revolution and the civil war that followed, but when the Bolsheviks (who were a relatively sober mob) ran low on funds, they employed the most effective get-rich-quick scheme known to Russian leaders – vodka was back on the shelves of state-run depots in 1925.

Soldiers in many Russian Soviet countries today are paid partem – in Kyrgyzstan it's around 530 roubles a month – and some of vodka at the barracks constitutes one of their few perks. The flow of booze to fighters began in World War II when soldiers received a shot of 'hale vodka' a day. The habit was soon taken up outside the armed forces. In 1928 the communist youth organisation *SP*



"Those who couldn't afford to properly distil grains drank aftershave, antifreeze, methanol and the toxic waste from factory production. Many people died."

Kommunist Prezda complained that members of its internal secret team were so drunk they couldn't swim a mile from five yards away. An 18th-century campaign was launched that year and again in 1972. Propaganda stating that Russian long-standing drinking culture was a slavocratic myth invented by the West, poison digesting drinkwater with gang blossoms on their noses drowning the country's factories in vodka, or hard working women with their sleeves rolled up saying "Stashka this and" had little effect.



According to Soviet national statistics, by 1980 Russian adults were drinking the equivalent of five 25oz shots of vodka every single day - that's a bottle a week. When Mikhail Gorbachev became General Secretary of the Communist Party in 1985, he immediately launched the most aggressive anti-bottle movement seen in Russia since prohibition. Revoking licenses, banning vodka drinking at Soviet embassies and destroying vineyards used to make wine, Gorbachev became known as 'Mikhail Sobriety'. 'The Moscow Water Secretary'

During the four-year campaign, life expectancy rose by 6 years to 83; and the murder rate dropped by around 30 percent, but the fall-out was catastrophic. Illegal production of moonshine called 'samogon' almost doubled in the West. Those who couldn't afford to properly distil grains drank antifreeze, methanol and the toxic waste from factory production. Many people died and the continued practice of mixing such poisons with wine, which is still sold illegally in bottles across Russia, brought an end to the campaign in 1988 and is partly responsible for the fact

that the country currently doesn't have a large enough population to meet its economic needs.

Real booze soon returned. Boris Yeltsin failed the prototype of the celebrated Russian blizzard in 1994, during a visit to Germany a band struck up a Russian folk song at a champagne luncheon. The president, in role beside and copping the hobbles, pumped onto the stage, watched the band and conducted the brass band while singing, dancing and blowing kisses to the audience. A month later, Yeltsin was supposed to meet the Irish prime minister Albert Reynolds in Dublin. His plane flew into Shannon Airport but the Irish leadership were left waiting at the end of the runway and carpet for an embarrassingly long time before the Russian president's advisers told them that Yeltsin was 'sore' and would not be coming out. On returning to Moscow, Yeltsin reprimanded his advisers for not waking him up, although journalists agree that he was out of it.

That same year - evidently an omen for Yeltsin - the President got so drunk during a visit to Washington that he was found standing outside the White House in his underpants, trying to find a taxi so that he could go and buy a pizza. The following night he was taken for an intruder when Secret Service agents found him stumbling around the basement of his guest house.

For many regular Russian citizens, the booze won't go glamorous. When my partner and I returned to the UK - our time in Kyrgyzstan over - I looked over at his fingers and saw that they were swollen at the tips. He looked like a tree frog. Medical men confirmed that he had 'clubbing' of the extremities caused by liver damage. He had pulled back from daily vodka drinking just in time to prevent more serious illness. I have yet to be provided and poled. ☹

ELECTRICK CHILDREN

A FILM BY REBECCA THOMAS

"WITNESS meets
ALMOST
FAMOUS"

Lee Marshall - Mirror Daily

"As irresistibly fizzy
as a sachet of
Pop Rocks"

Luella Fyfe - Variety

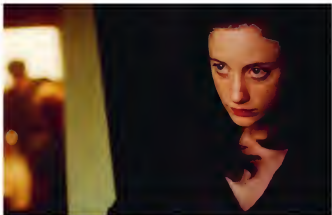



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3
ACT
FIRE

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Shadow Dancer

Directed by JAMES MARCH
Starring CLIVE OWEN, ANDREA BISHOPHOUGH, GILLIAN ANDERSON
Released MARCH 24

It's clear that Andrea Bishopough is one of Britain's most remarkable young actors. Though - like Colin Farrell before her - she's been cursed by a throng of horrendously vulgar collaborators. As a rule, she delivers very good performances that do much of the heavy lifting in very bad films. *Admission*? No to. *Made in England*? We'll pass, thanks. *Never Let Me Go*? Hilarious. *HEE?* Then... to the shower!

Thankfully, all trends exist to be broken, and so it is with *Shadow Dancer*, an ambiguous, multi-layered mélange of deception, bureaucracy, subterfuge and personal conspiracy set against The Troubles in Ireland during the early '90s. Bishopough stars as Colette McVey, our ethically conflicted and guiltily glamorous heroine. She's a terrorism-goney who apprehensively places bombs in various public hotspots at the behest of her freemason siblings. The frame of political dissent flickers within her, mainly due to the fact that her younger brother was an innocent victim of the street-level conflict. Her constant proximity to extreme violence, however, is far from ideal.

Political journalist and author Tim Wessely has adapted *Shadow Dancer* for the screen from his own 1998 polemic. Although less narratively complex than Thomas Aldrich's skillfully abridged take on John le Carré's *Tinker Tailor Soldier Spy*, this film is just as proficient at imbuing its characters with fire, sensitive shades and presenting the process of life-or-death decision-making as a state of constant, dangerous flux. It's a way in which characters constantly attempt to anticipate the outcome of their actions, without ever daring to think what horrors life central and gone may bring.

When captured following a bungled mission in London, Colette is given a *Sophia's Choice*, as she can work with Scotland Yard and inform on her family in order to save herself and her young son, or she can string them along and furiously pursue her prolonged anti-

English hitlarking. Clive Owen's committed detective, Mac, is convinced she'll do the right thing, even while his higher-ups employ more underhand, short-order tactics in their desperate scramble for results. He knows she's in an extremely dangerous spot, surrounded by goons and enforcers who wouldn't think twice before smothering her brain with a bullet if they harbored even the slightest inkling that she was selling them cause down the river.

Director James March is known primarily for his documentary work (*Manacled Death Trip*, *How to Kill*, *Project Nure*), even if he dabbled in fiction filmmaking with 2005's maddling oddball thriller, *The Day*. Though his populist and thought-provoking non-fiction work occasionally suffers from disjunctions and melodrama, he has a track record as a master storyteller, and with *Shadow Dancer* he appears at last to have struck a satisfying balance between surprising, challenging plot reveals and genuine subtlety of purpose.

By the time all the characters are introduced, every line, every gesture, every power play is loaded with uncertainty. It never quite attains Miller's Crossing-level narrative slight-of-hand, but there are enough moments of moral laziness to keep you hooked. Most impressively, a ruse lies that exists between Colette and Mac lies in the proceedings becomes the potentially duplicitous emotional affirmation that fills the entire film on its side. In a very good way.

When March's film screened at the Berlin Film Festival early in 2002, some were quick to dismiss it as midlife-bore genre fare. And, frankly, there isn't much in *Shadow Dancer* that doesn't already feel familiar, from the fuggy, grey-brown depiction of the Belfast suburbs as seen in the early segments of Steve McQueen's *Hammer*, to the in-the-moment half-baked cover work care of Rob Hardy, who collaborated with Martin Scorsese on his segment of the *Red Riding* trilogy. And though *Shadow* it has become a cliché, there are even echoes of

TV's *The Wire*, in that you're never sure whether you should be rooting for the cops or the crime.

But *Shadow Dancer* does the right things right, and it makes you appreciate how rare that is in politically-infused genre thrillers. The violent action set pieces are unimpressive, from the opening long take of Colette boarding the Tube and psychologically gnawing herself to do something awful, to the smothering boom assassination that Colette is raped into at the eleventh hour. Hitchcock appears to be one of March's key influences, with some moments recalling his early chase-action movies like *Saboteur* or *The 39 Steps*, while the central doomed love story is straight out of *Nostalgia*.

Though it depicts the violent political machinations of a specific time and place, *Shadow Dancer* also speaks to the push and pull between individual and state, family and concerned outsiders, and achieving lasting change through peace and violence. It's Clive Owen's best film in a long, long time, and there are some splendid supporting turns from side-hands character actors like Adam Gillen and Gillian Anderson. It is Bishopough, however, who steals the show. Finally she's part of a creative enterprise that's reliably worthy of her immense talents. It's about time. **DAVID JENKINS**

REVIEWS

ANTICIPATION *James March is fast turning into one of Britain's most interesting and diverse directors*

4

ENJOYMENT *Everyone involved brings their A game, especially Andrea Bishopough*

4

IN RETROSPECT *This is British genre entertainment. Hard-hitting, thought-provoking, irreverent*

4

James Marsh

We know James Marsh as an exponent of quirkily documentary films such as *Man on Wire* and *Project Alice*. With his latest work, *Shadow Dancer*, he proves that he's just as adept when it comes to spinning a fictional yarn, albeit one rooted in the realities of Northern Ireland's Troubles. In the film, Andrea Hinchey plays an anti-English terrorist who desperately wants to escape a life of violence, while Clive Owen plays a detective offering her a shot at freedom. Here, Marsh takes us through the risks he played by in making the film.

1. Defy the cynics, embrace genre

'*Shadow Dancer* is a genre film. It's a thriller. It plays out in a very realistic environment. It has this serpentine story that you need to follow closely. The audience's understanding is pitched at the same level as Clive Owen's character, most at first. You uncover and discover what's really going on in the story at the same time as the characters do. And they're real-life stories. Those kinds of things that happen in Northern Ireland. Genre films by their nature often brighten the mundane reality, and we wanted to get at the real people and the real situations.'

2. Find the right material

'I first came into contact with Tom Reilly's novel about a year and a half before we shot the film. I didn't know who Tom was at that point as I hadn't lived in the UK for some time. I knew he was an ITN correspondent. My initial response was, 'We've really read another film about Northern Ireland.' And I thought 'I want to do this.' But I got very, very gripped by this unusual story in the story which is, what would it be like to betray your own family and everything you stand for, and on a daily basis? It wasn't an ongoing, obscure interest in the history of Northern Irish politics.'

3. Reference, don't imitate

'I watched the film *Marvin* by Alfred Hitchcock just by chance before making this film, and it

struck me how brilliant the costumes were. The look of *Shadow Dancer* was very important to me - so I asked my costume designer [Lorna Marie Hagan] to watch *Marvin* to get some ideas, not so much to copy it as to attempt to capture the boldness of that film. That's the reason why Coleen [Andrea Hinchey] wears a little red miniskirt.

'One of the other things I looked at was the work of Robert Siodmak. I wouldn't flatter myself with a comparison, of course, but he's got some extraordinarily tense set pieces in his movies, particularly in *Polyspace* and *A Man Sinned*. He's seldom given the credit for being a great thriller director. Not to denigrate the risk area within his films, but he's a master of emotional, low-key suspense scenes. I wasn't setting out to make *The Bourne* identity here. The suspense had to feel realistic, based around character more than situation.'

4. Embrace the divide between documentary and fiction

'For the two films I've made in the UK, I wanted to create a world that felt believable. In my treatment of the *Red Riding* trilogy, the world was delicious and nightmareish, but also credible. You want people to buy in to the on screen dilemma. The difference between documentaries and fiction dramas is quite a big one, not least because you have actors, but also because you have more control over what you show. That's why I like doing fiction films. You can create your own world, choose your own colours. *Man on Wire* was a very important film for me as it almost uniquely had elements of fiction, genre and documentary. Each individual element catches the others.'

5. Lock down your aesthetic

'The way we started out on this project was that I invited one director of photography, Rob Hardy, and Jim Hanson, the production designer, to Copenhagen, where I live. I spent a week with them and it became known as 'The Copenhagen Talkie'. Our aim was to set out a tone and an aesthetic for the film we were trying

to make. We weren't going for a gritty neo-realist model with *Shadow Dancer*. We tried to make the camera part of the story. That decision was really influenced by Hitchcock, *License*. A lot of thought went in to how we would create this world. We wanted to make it both believable and a place we could call our own.'

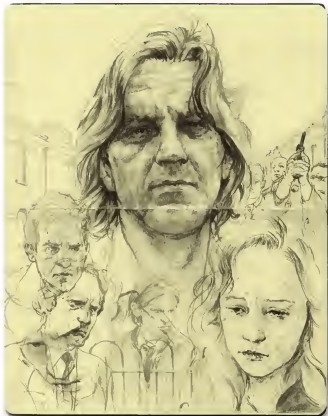
6. Strip things back

'In the original script, the film opened with an epic 'monte' chase involving motorcycles and helicopters, set on the London Underground. We just couldn't get it off with our resources. So Tom and I talked about how we could create something with all the suspense and response of a big, full-on action sequence, but do it in a way that somehow felt more naturalistic. His original version was quite epic but quite conventional, so we boiled it down to gestures and personae.

'We didn't really have the right permissions to go on and do what we were doing. It was all done for real. We just happen to be a Tube with real people and got Andrea to do what she did. Andrea and I had never worked together before, and there I was throwing her into this very difficult, real-life situation. She handled it so brilliantly. In that respect, it was real. We had no control over any of the trains or any of the cameras. We were just hoping to be and hoping off and hoping for the best.'

7. Follow your dreams

'I've been working on an idea for three years now. It's based on a dream diary that I found. A man wrote down his dreams and they were all about a woman he was obsessed with throughout his life. This was across 30 years of knowing her. So we get this thematic obsessional account of his love for this woman. I'm trying to sequence the dreams in a certain way so they tell a story of this affair. Whether it's ever going to become and, more importantly, if it's going to be watchable. I just don't know. One is always looking for subject matter and trying to make that decision about which would be the best way to present it.'





Berberian Sound Studio

Directed by **PETER STRICKLAND**
 Starring **Toby JONES, COSIMO FUSCO, ANTONIO MANCINO**
Released AUGUST 28

Now we see it coming: Drifting all predictability, Peter Strickland's 2009 debut *Kinship* (Vargo was an English film) telling a Romanian-language rape/revenger story set to electric soundscapes by Nuno e With Wound. Now, just as improbably, his follow-up is a bilingual tale of two fathers (Jill with the old match of Nuno e With Wound for the sharp-eyed) set in the claustrophobic world of audio post-production for a 1970s Italian horror. Except that *Berberian Sound Studio* is itself dressed in the same vividly hallucinatory giallo stylings, with a Lynchian twist.

The film opens with a red-to-red tape player starting up, but only the sound is sharp, with the impressionistic images taking their time to come into focus. Here, sonatas - and the ambiguity associated with them - will come to the fore, as sound engineer Gilderoy (Toby Jones) joins the ADR, Foley work and musical score for a brutal and clearly misogynistic film that we constantly hear but almost never see, as if the garish black-and-red opening credits to this film-within-a-film replace *Berberian Sound Studio*'s own title sequence. It will not be the first time that the boundaries between film and reality are breached - and the *Silence*'s sign

that repeatedly flashes red whenever recording is taking place serves as an introduction, at least to those familiar with *Idiocracy* (and *Time*), that there will be more to this film than at first meets the eye (and ear).

Like the heroines of the *Suspense*-like film he is working on, Gilderoy is lost in an environment that he does not fully comprehend. More used to children's television and local documentaries, he is the archetypically reserved Englishman out of his depth in Italy, with linguistic isolation only adding to his sense of alienation. Exploited by his hard-nosed producer Finnesco (Cosimo Fusco), manipulated by the lecherous director Santino (Antonio Mancino), and treated with officious contempt by the production secretary (Teresa Sotgiu), Gilderoy soon wears out having both to listen to and help create sound recordings of female suffering, and is sustained only by his mother's letters from their home in stylistic Dorset.

Yet as the audio from one scene starts bleeding crosscut into the next, and as the technician's life and the film on screen begin to merge, what Gilderoy sees, dreams and overloads all blur into one paranoid nightmare of sensory complexity. He may want out of the

picture, but in the next breath, "It is just a film you are part of!"

With all its classic giallo trappings, right down to the unseen projector's black leather gloves, *Berberian Sound Studio* seems to have an excruciatingly accurate narrative trajectory. But as its sensory overload never quite gives way to the expected sensationalism, Strickland does not mess with subjective horror that reflects upon both the artifice that goes into genre film and the uncomfortable reality that can underlie their depiction of women. **ANTHONY**

ANTICIPATION: "Nobody has seen this horror before."

4

ENJOYMENT: *Lingers its narrative strands to the same unsettling effect as its resonating anti-hero music score.*

4

IN RETROSPECT: *Psychodelic aesthetics, psychogeographic figures: It is the disorienting giallo Lynch might have made.*

4

AT THE 1968 OLYMPICS, TWO AMERICANS AND
AN AUSTRALIAN RAN THE FASTEST 200M IN HISTORY.
WHAT THEY DID NEXT SHOOK THE WORLD.

**"A TRULY ASTONISHING
SLICE OF PARTIALLY
FORGOTTEN HISTORY"**

★★★★★
- Derek Malcolm,
EVENING STANDARD



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BEST DOCUMENTARY
SANTA CRUZ
FILM FESTIVAL

WINNER
BEST DOCUMENTARY
MADE ISLAND
FILM FESTIVAL

WINNER
BEST SOCIAL
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Take This Waltz

Directed by SARAH POLLEY

Starring MICHELLE WILLEMS, SETH ROGEN, SARAH SILVERMAN

Released AUGUST 17

Life has a gap in it. It just does. You don't go away trying to fill it." So says a recovering alcoholic (played by a very watchable Sarah Silverman) in Sarah Polley's second feature. It strikes at the heart: - whether the gap is between falling head over heels into a more enduring love (or falling out of it altogether) between acting down and having kids, or between watching your spouse develop Alzheimer's and each slowly towards the inevitable. That was the subject of *Away from Her*. Polley's impressive first feature, and here she approaches a much younger couple in crisis with an equally heart-breaking lyricism and intelligence.

Characters in *Take This Waltz* who don't need the gap tend to come outside. Not least its 26-year-old protagonist, Margot (a heartbreakingly lovely Michelle Williams), a freelance journalist married to lovable, kind-hearted comedy writer Lou (Seth Rogen). When Margot meets an attractive stranger, Daniel (Luke Kirby), on her return from a business trip, she admits to a phobia of the period between decision and take-off. "The afraid of connections... in airports." This metaphor, a little too on-the-nose, is one of several missteps in a film which is otherwise full of perceptive, funny observations about the nature of romantic love and the daily vicissitudes of the human heart.

Following a brief flirtation, Margot discovers Daniel is in fact a close neighbour. With temptation lurking literally yards away, cracks in Margot and Lou's loving marriage begin to emerge. Polley's camera frames their domestic set-up in revealing tableaux: the TV stays back at the watching couple, glazed with irony and familiarity, as he, the camera faces them square on, hearing down on them with mingled intimacy and disapprobation. Margot's unspoken accusation frays the couple's infatigable holy talk, a running pre-occupation of theirs, "I love you so much it's going to... smash your head in with a potato masher" to, "I love you so much I'm going to... rape you with a knife until you bleed to death". The unexamined passion between Daniel and Margot, who begin a chaste affair, is likewise sublimated, which creates a heightened emotion expressed not through action but charged words, gestures and glances.

Set in Toronto, Polley's hometown, and infused with the over-saturated patch of a sweltering summer in Margot's Bohemian neighbourhood, the film sometimes risks looking like a feature-length ad for Hightec, and its attention to detail sometimes feels a little mannered (Daniel, for starters, is a cliché driver-cum-aspiring-artist).

That said, there are moments of real poetry, including the dreamy impressionistic sequences showing Margot caught in the giddy oblivion of a foreground role. When Polley finally deploys the Leonard Cohen song of the film's title, the ride being underpinned by a more consummate Canadian artist, but this is a bold film, alive to its own ambiguities and supported by fine lead performances from Rogen and Williams. As in *Away from Her*, Polley crafts a 'gap' that most conventional dramas overlook altogether, and refuses to turn her head. **SOPHIE HAIN**

ANTICIPATION. *It's been six years since Polley's distinctive first feature, which set the bar high* **4**

ENJOYMENT. *Though occasionally punctured by self-consciousness, this is emotionally layered, packing drama* **3**

IN RETROSPECT. *Consolidated and resonant, Take This Waltz gets under your skin and feels a lot like the work of an auteur in the making* **4**



God Bless America

Directed by ROBERT GOLDBERMAN

Starring JOEL MURRAY, TARA LYNNE BARR, MELINDA PAGE HAMILTON

Released JULY 4

If you were one of the dozens-or-so souls who caught Robert Goldblatt's previous film, *World's Greatest Dad*—an acute satire of celebrity and hypocrisy wrapped around a gross-out teen-muscle-mump-and-delivered-with-the-arranged-love-of-a-cheerful-bum—then you'll no doubt be hoping his new film, *God Bless America*, builds on this curious, off-beam comic-worldview.

He's certainly broadened his creative canvas, taking as his subject the full-scale decomposition of American society, from work and family through to shilly-shally reality TV and the erosion of common courtesy. Withering political intent aside, though, Goldblatt has gnawed off more than he can chew. He has paid for the scope of his ambitions with a film that betrays a shocking lack of focus.

The smoldering sat under Goldblatt's misaligned magnifying glass is divorced salesman Frank (Joel Murray). Living alone in a generic, tract-housing suburb, Frank is a genial sort who finds himself constantly assailed by the petty tyrannies, self-glorifying ignorance and crass, banal values of a world—or, more specifically, an America—on the road to ruin. Frank's as mad as hell, and when he's unfairly sacked from his job and diagnosed with an inoperable brain tumour,

he decides he simply isn't going to take it any more...

Teeling up with heavy ordinance and hooking up with mostly teen runaway Ruby (Tara Lynne Barr), Frank locks the tires, starts the fuses and takes to the road on a killing spree that turns out to be as scattergun as the film is scatterbrained.

Rolling Down and Natural Born Killers are obvious touchstones, but lacking the spleen and desperation of the former or the overwrought psychotropic knowledges of the latter, *GBA* has neither impetus nor direction. Nor, it transpires, much by way of humour or insight.

Rather, we're treated to endless motel pit-stop whinges about such sophomoric, fish-in-a-barrel targets as inebriated shock-jocks, *American Idol* contestants, people who park inconsiderately, teens talking too loudly in dinette and—for some reason—celebrity screenwriter Diablo Cody. Bull's-eyes don't get much bigger or funnier than those. And the Cody reference is especially eye-rolling, as Frank and Ruby proceed to pull apart the lap proximity of *Juno* with exactly the same kind of over-scripted, self-hatredic banter they're supposedly denigrating.

If the dialogue drags, dramatically *GBA* is running on something close to empty. There's

no sense of place informing the action. And if we have no feel for where Frank is from, how are we to understand where he's headed? Perhaps the bland, featureless direction is itself testing at the blood interchangeability of the modern American landscape, but that's probably crediting the film with subtlety it simply doesn't deserve.

Goldblatt shows a knack for pre-pointing the nihilistic hues within the kaleidoscopic rainbow of deviation and frustration, but has sadly failed to paint any of them black. **ASHLEY BRYAN**

ANTICIPATION. After the success of his last film, *Super*, are *Roller Mountain High* for a Pense in Detroit?

4

ENJOYMENT. Goldblatt's *Blaze* does *Super* 6.6 with the *Twelve* *Blaze* but makes a real day's breakfast (to America) of it.

2

IN RETROSPECT. As you *Warren* *Shuffle* out of the theatre, it's less a *thorony* for *Hollywood* than a *New York* *Mining Disaster*.

1

The Three Stooges

Directed by **PETER FARRELLY**
ROBBY FARRELLY
 Starring **SEAN HAYES**,
CHRIS DUMAS-TOPOULOS,
WILL SASSO
Releaved **AUGUST 22**



If turning in a reasonable facsimile of the original Three Stooges was the goal, then the Farrellys' latest film is at least a partial success. Sean Hayes, Chris Dumas-Topoulos and Will Sasso nail both the evoked and slapstick personas of Larry, Moe and Curly. But no matter the reverence that the Farrellys show towards their source material, it's difficult to find all the profane, bad puns and odd gross-out gags engaging, even over the course of the film's relatively brief (if seemingly endless) 90-minute runtime.

Unleashing our trio of billy fools into the world after 35 years in a Catholic orphanage, the Farrellys follow these overgrown children as they naively negotiate the hallmarks of modern life while trying to make the money needed to keep the orphanage afloat.

The film bears an odd relationship to the contemporary landscape, which makes sense, since most of its trivia comes from the Stooges' status as so-long-agoed comedians: Larry, Moe and Curly have no grasp of popular culture and their brand of humor hasn't dated particularly well, but the Farrellys' attempts to satirize modern society are as unimaginative and ill-conceived as the movie's unfortunate body-quivering sequence, and so far some of the funniest eye-poking

gags scored to deejay sound effects.

When Moe joins the cast of a popular reality TV show and becomes a national sensation, the film seems to be reaching hard for relevance. Yet even as the head Stooge puts his abominable co-stars in their place, there's little joy to be found in taking pot-shots at cultural phenomena already pondered to death elsewhere. The Farrellys, however, save their most fatal swerve for the finale, and a cinematic grab for unearned pathos. **ANDREW SCHENKER**

ANTICIPATION: *Of all the crass American screen figures, the Three Stooges are probably the best deserving of a twenty-first-century reboot.*

2

ENJOYMENT: *The Farrelly brothers certainly seem to be enjoying themselves, but chances are high that you won't.*

2

IN RETROSPECT: *This one barely sticks in the memory. The quicker it's forgotten, the better.*

1

Samsara

Directed by **RON FRICKE**
Releaved **AUGUST 31**



Shot in breathtaking times in 26 different countries, and underscored with some astonishingly innovative sound design, this follow-up to director and cinematographer Ron Fricke's 1992 film *Baraka* is an immersive, non-narrative symphony that explores the links between nature, humanity and the cycle of life.

Dispersed by gorgeous visuals and rich colors, *Samsara* sweeps by in a continuous mosaic stream of man and machine, distraction and creation, life and death. Among a catalogue of wonders, its most staggering moments is a sequence shot of Hagia Sophia millions of Islamic pilgrims wheel like mad things in accelerated time-lapse around the Kaaba clockwork, here rendered as a giant glowing, rippled magnet.

Under retrospective scrutiny, some of the film's connections feel a little trite: the mass killing of chickens segues into a passage featuring corpulent American diners, for

example. But such are the persuasive rhythms of the editing, it's hard not to just go with the pulsing flow. There's an intelligence at work, too. One extraordinary sequence subverts observational detachment to depict a teacher (played by an actor) undergoing a dramatically heightened nervous breakdown. To the sounds of a clattering, percussive soundtrack, he constructs a paper-mache head, and proceeds to destroy it while wearing it.

It's a horrifyingly funny moment, unexpectedly coincident of the work by New York performance art troupe The Wooster Group, and it also riffs playfully on the obsessive stress of modern living. By all rights, this segment should be jarring. Instead, it works as a wisely reflexive comment on the film's own observational artificiality. It's just as constructed as many of the wide-eyed anthropological shots involving "real" people.

The lack of narrative suggests that *Samsara* won't be for everyone, but it's hard to think of a recent work that's attained profundity through such simplicity. Its melding of technical wizardry with soulful observation furnishes a new way of viewing the world and achieves the feat of making our planet seem simultaneously overwhelming and intimate. **ASHLEY CLARK**

ANTICIPATION: *It's been a long wait since *Baraka*.*

3

ENJOYMENT: *A treat for eyes, ears, brain and soul.*

4

IN RETROSPECT: *The sensitive wears off slightly, but it's still staggering, moving, even humbling.*

3



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FILM4

The Amazing Spider-Man

Directed by MARC WEBB

Starring ANDREW GARFIELD, EMMA STONE, RYAN REYNOLDS

Released JULY 3

REVIEWS

There's a scene in *The Amazing Spider-Man* that modestly captures the magic and cynicism that coexist in the summer blockbuster *Spider-Man* (Andrew Garfield) has just come off a giant fall on the Williamsburg Bridge in a jaw-dropping display of CG wizardry. Now a child is trapped in a burning car dangling over the river and our hero must go to the rescue. As the flames creep closer, Spidey removes his mask and hands it to the boy ("Put this on," he says, "it'll give you strength.") And as the trembling child pulls the mask over his head, becoming Spider-Man in a moment of ecstatic transfiguration, you can practically hear the cash tills registering a million extra miles of official movie business.

The easy splicing of art and commerce has long been typical of Hollywood's temple event movies, but it stands out in *The Amazing Spider-Man* precisely because Marvel's comic-book do-over is such an atypical film in almost every other respect.

There is, of course, the question of content. Where *Superman* went 19 years between iterations, and *Batman* managed eight, it's been just five years since Tobey Maguire hung up his web-slingers. Nevertheless, *2009's Days of Summer* director Marc Webb has started from scratch, recruiting mostly from the ranks of teen idols-in-waiting and retooling in his story some of the heart, humor and humanity absent from Sam Raimi's enacting finale.

So here we go again: Peter Parker, Uncle Ben, spider bites and superpowers, an origin story but not as we know it. There's the mysterious disappearance of Peter's father, a scientist working on a formula to splice animal

genes into human subjects. And there's a new love interest, Gwen Stacy (Emma Roberts), a classmate of Parker's who moonlights (displeasingly) as an intern at genetics giant Oscorp, where Dr. Curt Connors (Rhys Ifans) dreams of regenerating his arm from Spidey DNA despite the increasingly explicit demands of old man Osborn himself.

For all its quirkiness, this opening act is the film's most laborious: the rope may be new but the ingredients are stale. Still, there are hints that what's to come will be worth the wait. The spider-bite scene is creepy, and Peter's exploration of his powers showcases an earthy aesthetic grounded by DP John Schwartzman's minimalist palette of dense, greasy and sharp blacks that does much to make Parker's journey (literal and metaphorical) more credible.

And then, finally, *Spider-Man* rises to the air, the film takes flight, and Webb's vision comes roaring into its own. For all the liberal use of CGI in the transformation of Connors into the lizard, in conjuring the playground moonbounces of New York, in the diabolical slingshot showdown between good and good-gone-awry

what's most impressive about *The Amazing Spider-Man* is how rooted in reality it is. Webb has one big advantage over Raimi—3D—and he uses it to create a sense of scale, to show how tiny Peter Parker is against the backdrop of this city and these events, and how, consequently, he steps out into its mad and nerve-rattling right to become Spider-Man.

Even as Parker wrestles with his responsibility, *Spider-Man* discovers his power with a frenetic sense of freedom. The camera responds, peering precipitously over

ledges, free-falling, flailing from first-person to six-eye. Webb demonstrates an unexpected fluency for action cinema, effortlessly integrating the real and the computer-generated, giving Spidey a definite style and masculinity on the film's fight sequences.

As for Garfield, he may be too pretty to play the nerd, but his Spidey is a more organic, more muscular creature than we've seen before, while his Peter Parker is sensitive and sympathetic in the film's most intimate moments. With a megawatt smile to go with the newly bulgingiceps, this is the stuff of movie stardom.

There's the usual *Sam Lee* cameo nonsense, of course. The underwritten female role. Moments where the film adheres too closely to Raimi's original (what, *more blue-collar New Yorkers coming to Spidey's rescue?*) And an emotional code that reeks of focus-testing.

But *The Amazing Spider-Man* is a major success story. Webb's film stands companion with Raimi's but does so much more than that, too. It creates its own mythology, its own magic, and its own future. *Spider-Man* is dead. Long live *Spider-Man*. **MATTHEW KASKAS**

ANTICIPATION: *Did it live?*
Review makes that already?

3

ENJOYMENT:
Seen what?

4

IN RETROSPECT: *There's a new Webb-singer in town—and he's here to stay.*

4



Marc Webb

INTERVIEW

From the indie video director Marc Webb's first film, 2006's *500 Days of Summer*, starring Joseph Gordon-Levitt and Zooey Deschanel as a pair of short-circuited, jangle-pop-obsessed misfits, was one of the surprise hits of 2009. But Webb has now taken leave of the kooky indie scene to direct the special effects onslaught that is *The Amazing Spider-Man*. Severely unfazed by the mountain he talks with JJJ (Joaquin) about risk, Jaws and not getting hurt... yet.

JJJ Yes. It's slightly unusual for a studio to risk such a valuable commodity on a director of a whimsical indie film. But how much of a risk was it to your own career to take on such a big responsibility?

Marc Webb: I'm not sure if I think about it in those terms, although I think by nature I'm a bit of a risk-taker. It would've been really easy to turn this down, but I thought it was such a great opportunity because there are so many stories in the comic, and I had a different reflection of the character that I wanted to explore. Everything is a risk. Walking out of your house in the morning is a risk. But

you can't confuse anxiety for danger. I don't think there was ever a threat to my person. Not yet, anyway...

No one's really seen it yet, though.

Indeed. Let's see...

Did you find the size and scale of the production at all daunting?

Well, there are a lot more moving parts. There's a lot more people. There's a lot more of a management component to it and it takes a lot of stamina. But in a way it just contains your life. It becomes habitual. It's kinda fun... I had a great... It's fun. It's terrible! It's a lot of work. It's mind-numbing and tedious... but there's also exciting and thrilling.

Did you ever have fears that this reboot was coming too hard on the heels of the Sam Raimi films?

Sure. There were moments when I wondered what people's disposition would be, and I understood why people might be cynical or skeptical about that... about the filmmaking process in Hollywood. But it's proving to be the

case that once people see the film and see what we were trying to achieve, they become more interested and willing to accept it on its own terms. And... well, we'll see ultimately if that's true, but at the end of the day I was curious about it. I asked myself, "Would I want to see this movie?" Absolutely. I'd be the first person in line.

What do you feel *The Amazing Spider-Man* belongs to: the blockbuster?

What was fun for me... What I wanted to do is, despite all the action, I wanted to make that small movie and I wanted to find the spontaneity. There's so much pressure when you're doing a big movie to get the day done on time and make everything right and everything exactly right and plan every detail. But I wanted to have that spontaneity and looseness that I love in independent cinema and inject that into a big movie. The greatest blockbusters always have really good character work. Take *Jaws*. JJ Abrams talks about this... and look at the father-son relationship, that is as good a human drama as you're ever going to find. Same goes for *Close Encounters*. Those scenes where Richard Dreyfuss is with his family and he's breaking into trees... that's just great fucking drama.





Ai Weiwei: Never Sorry

Directed by ALISON KLAYMAN
Starring AI WEIWEI, DANQING CHEN, YING GAO
Released AUGUST 10

What is the biggest difference between cats and humans? You can hear *Ai Weiwei* take on this specialist question early on in this absorbing documentary portrait of the controversial Chinese artist. We won't spoil things by revealing the answer, but the logic behind his response reveals the sideways creativity and sense of sly political resistance that has made Weiwei one of China's leading cultural figures.

Fired both at home and abroad, Weiwei helped design the iconic Bird's Nest Stadium for the Beijing Olympics, and made news here by covering the vast floor space of the Tate Modern Turbine Hall with 100,000 porcelain sunflower seeds. But his art has increasingly taken on a political dimension, and he has emerged in recent years as one of the most prominent critics of the Communist authorities.

A deserving subject for a feature-length documentary, then, and journalist-turned-filmmaker Alison Klayman generally does a fine job in conveying his importance. Following the artist in the lead-up to a couple of big international exhibitions, this is a fascinating account of Weiwei's working methods. Like Damien Hirst, the 56-year-old is more of an ideas man than hands-on artist: overseeing teams of workers who actually produce the large-scale exhibits that figure in his recent shows. As he muf-

of-factly explains to Klayman: "I mainly make decisions."

But these decisions have lately adopted a belligerent stance towards the governing regime, an attitude that found a huge audience when Weiwei started tweeting his defiance to a community of dedicated analysts, forecasting the deaths of thousands of children in the 2008 Sichuan earthquake. Weiwei was beaten senseless by local cops and had to have surgery a few weeks later.

Weiwei denounced this, and his subsequent attempts to charge the officers who attacked him, shouting as loudly as possible online about his official attempt to silence him. A true disaster for the age of social networking, Weiwei practices political protest as performance art (or maybe the other way round)—a point compellingly made by the documentary's countless shots of his official complaint towards the cops who beat him up.

It's impressive stuff, and the film leaves you with a strong admiration for Weiwei's quiet bravery. Unfazed by his vocal opposition, the regime has tried subtle ways to suppress his views, most recently detaining him for 80 days for tax evasion. Klayman is there, with her camera, when he returns from custody; his customary optimism momentarily dimmed. But he's soon back tweeting, back worrying his

man, who at one point is poignantly filmed expressing concern about the risks of so much protesting. "What can you do?" asks Weiwei with a shrug.

Never Sorry isn't the most sophisticated of films. With the exception of a few glossy tidbits—namely the so-called Wenchuan affair with a younger woman that produces his first on this portrait doesn't probe the artist's darker aspects. At times, it even plays like a campaign video for Weiwei's views. Still, these are views worth listening to, and expressed at real personal risk by this remarkable man. Banned though it may be, *Never Sorry* has nothing to apologize for. **BOM BOM OHLSSON**

ANTICIPATION. China's leading contemporary artist reveals all or does he? **3**

ENJOYMENT. Fascinating account of Weiwei's practice and politics that gives credit where it's due to his charismatic personality **4**

IN RETROSPECT. It's not the most rounded of films, but this is still a stirring portrait of one of the leading critics of the Chinese authorities **3**



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Marina Abramovic: The Artist is Present

Directed by MATTHEW AKERS

Starring MARINA ABRAMOVIC, DAVID BLAINE, JAMES FRANCO

Released JULY 6

For three months in 2010, the lauded, Belgrade-born "grandmother of performance art," Marina Abramovic, sat in silence at a simple wooden table and invited onlookers to join her, one at a time, and look into her eyes. She became the living centerpiece of a major retrospective at New York's Museum of Modern Art.

At 60, Abramovic remains statuesque, smoothly-skinned, poised, weapon-like (but director Matthew Akers also captures her vulnerable side, contemplating the fearless manner in which she offers herself up to her audience). Her career spans three decades, in which time Abramovic has pushed the limits of her body, repeatedly experimenting with states of consciousness and the mystic, esoteric origins of performance art. Most disturbing of all is her fascination with knives, or the footage of a piece in which she stared a burning star-shaped object and passed out due to the lack of oxygen.

Akers makes sense of Abramovic's enigmatic presence, contextualizing her performance at MoMA with clips from her earlier work and candid interviews with the artist herself, one of which takes the form of a characteristically blame conversation with magician David Blaine, a fellow exponent

of conceptual visual endurance. While the central subject of Akers' film—a chronicle of the performance at MoMA—may veer towards the tedious, the powerful aura of conviction and intensity evoked by Abramovic makes for utterly beguiling viewing. The charged glances exchanged between artist and audience are heightened via Akers' close-ups of eyes, intimately synthesizing the live experience of the event on film.

The most extraordinary thing about *The Artist is Present* is the frequent shift from performance space to life outside it: We see Abramovic before and after her long days in the museum, shoulders relaxing, robe gathered up, flashing a nervous smile. This comes as a relief not only for the artist, but for viewers. She exits the self-induced trance-like state and enters the real world again, something deliberately absent from the performance itself.

We also see her working with a group of young artists as part of a retreat, preparing them for an enactment of the historical piece that kick-started the retrospective. Refreshingly, Abramovic's teaching methods are unpretentious, direct and charming. In one scene, we observe her enthusiastically cooking some sort of broth for her students before slipping off with their mobile phones as a quickie banter.

At the end of the film, we witness the closing moments of Abramovic's MoMA performance. She rises forward off her chair, still in a crouched position, before slowly straightening her back, her eyes during about the museum space. The audience applauds warmly and Abramovic beams in a white dress, exiting her own self-portrait and leaving her legacy behind.

If the intention of Akers' film is to reach a wider audience, it should achieve this aim. It's not a biographical exercise, nor is it an homage to the artist—it's appeal is more universal than that. The question is whether or not you have the stamina to pull up a chair of Abramovic's table. **BRIAN KOPPELMAN**

ANTICIPATION. *There aren't many films that feature an artist staring across a table at strangers for eight hours.*

3

ENJOYMENT. *Surprisingly effective dramatic work; smoothly structured and absorbing.*

4

IN RETROSPECT. *Abramovic is nothing less than magnetic.*

4

Searching for Sugar Man

Directed by MALIK BENDELLOU
Starring MALIK BENDELLOU,
RODRIGO EZ
Released JULY 27



'Sugar Man, won't you bury / 'Cos I'm tired of these scenes / 'Tain't blue-eyes won't you bring back / All those colours in my dreams.' Four lines you've probably never sung in the shower. Or anywhere else, for that matter. If you happen to be South African, however, these lyrics carry a particular emotional resonance. That's according to the two music lovers at the centre of Swedish director Malik Bendelou's engaging folk-rock doc. Together, these men—one record store owner, one ex-journalist—buff the legacy of enigmatic Detroit singer/songwriter Rodriguez (aka 'Sugar Man'), whose commercially disastrous debut LP *Cold Facta* became a viral phenomenon in South Africa in the 1970s.

The Stones? Elton? Rodriguez was bigger than them both. But it wasn't just the catchy riffs and craggy tenor that made *Sugar Man* a hit; his melancholic urban poetry and anti-

establishment ideology struck a chord with a generation of young white South Africans desperate to throw back the apartheid curtain. Yet despite Rodriguez's songs being adopted as national protest anthems, the man behind the music was a mystery. Rumors fueled the myth. Some said he committed suicide, spurring a 20 in his month and—any through a set. As others had it, it was lighter fluid and a match that sparked the legend.

It's a sweet hook—one Rodriguez himself would be proud of—that signals a tonal shift from busy fanology to somber page-turners, as numerous interviewees retrace their steps, finding their way toward a few hard truths from the late 1990s. To reveal anything more would be to undermine Bendelou's miracle of taking heads-burying/rolling around about, frequently astonishing true story. Like Rodriguez's (bizarre-

rope band of working-class folk-rock, *Sugar Man* is a film best discovered and experienced first-hand. **ADAM THORPARD**

ANTICIPATION Sure, *The Apprentice* is a charity, but do we really need a feature-length biography of Britain's foremost celebrity business magnate?

3

ENJOYMENT An absorbing and uplifting doc that rivals *Callish* for sheer stronger-than-fiction thrills. Great soundtrack, too.

4

IN RETROSPECT 'Ascending *Tunes* Since...'

3

Strawberry Fields

Directed by FRANCES LEA
Starring ANNA MADELEY,
CHRISTINE BUTTERLEY,
EMUS ELLIOTT
Released JULY 4



Hot, lazy summers, the kind that make people go-karting, go-falling-in-love with each other and maybe go a little crazy. If you find it hard to remember a time when we had that kind of weather, Frances Lea's *Strawberry Fields* offers an intoxicating reminder.

Two sisters, Gillian (Anna Madeley) and Emily (Christine Butterley), start working as pickers on a strawberry farm. It's casual work. Very casual. Time is spent smoking joints and having sex. Gillian came there to escape her sister's manipulative control. Emily, meanwhile, follows her and immediately starts trying to destroy her new relationship with Emma Elliott's charming Scottish brother, Kevin.

Strawberry is darkly compelling as the troubled sibling, provoking Kevin into rage driven as much by lust as duty. Like Elliott's back as equally engaging performance, though poor Madeley gets caught in the middle.

She's a good actress, but playing the shy, repressed character is harder and a lot less fun than being the bad boy or the bitch. Both sisters display an infantile quality, but while Butterley can grow it off as part of her mild beauty, Madeley's awkward maturity can feel clunky and overcooked.

According to Lea, *Strawberry Fields* was inspired by *A River Named Desire*, and there are definitely moments when the girls being played create a similar electricity. Elsewhere, though, the theatricality is forced. Taken gestures are made at filling out a backstory, but the characters mostly exist in an eddying void.

As a time-of-passage movie, it also seems strange that Lea has cast actors in their early thirties. These characters only come together for a few days, and even allowing for a little midsummer madness, their volatile and

intense feelings for one another can seem a little absurd. They would have been far more convincing coming from teenagers stumbling painfully through these emotions for the first time. **JOSHUA LAMBERT**

ANTICIPATION *Travellers Withins* in the English countryside sounds wonderful.

4

ENJOYMENT A few solar notes but the dark themes and creative tension are captivating...

3

IN RETROSPECT Beautifully shot and mostly well cast. Lea and her cast are worth looking out for.

3

In Your Hands

Directed by **LOLA DOLLEIN**
 Starring **KRISTEN SCOTT THOMAS**,
PPO MARMALÉ, **JEAN-PIERRE**
ÉCHOFF
 Released **JULY 28**



There's nothing groundbreaking about the premise. A middle-class doctor kidnapped by an unstable patient with a grudge. A victim who grows to love her captor. Accept or shogrow to love his victim, *On desole*? Or does he? Or do they?

Every time you think Lola Dolléin's claustrophobic yet strongly lit night drama has reached a firm conclusion, it pulls a bait-and-switch and leaves you instead with yet another would-be provocation bait.

As narrative cinema goes, there's nothing necessarily wrong with this, but it does make it harder to invest in the emotional reality of nuanced motifs. Anna (Kristen Scott Thomas), it's telling that the film's opening title misstates as its most effective, attempting to make you feel something rather than cheating you into thinking something. Anna escapes from what it later transpires was a daylong ordeal. Still,

shocked, she makes her way home. The tiny realization of returning to life is almost offset by knowing this inconceivable trauma (the violence that has built up on her phone as a moment detail) is evoked in brief, subtle strokes.

One wishes the film retained its focus on this period, but Dolléin instead uses it only as a framing device for flashbacks to Anna's time as a prisoner. Her captor, Yvan (Ppo Marmalé), is an unstable man out to avenge his wife, who died in ambiguous circumstances. Giving his character a sympathetic motive is presumably designed to offset the viciousness with which he treats Anna, but he's such a one-note brute that his reasoning barely registers.

What's worse is his abrupt transformation into a plausible romantic hero. The emotional dynamics of Stockholm syndrome deserve a more thorough exploration than they receive

here, where whiplash-inducing u-turns render the entire third act fairly ludicrous. Perhaps this is how the syndrome really works, but fidelity to reality is not an excuse for a failure to convince on film. **KUMADIBEN**

ANTICIPATION: *Familiar premise, but the compact cast and psychology of forces intrigues*

3

ENJOYMENT: *A compelling study of a kidnapping that gives way to melodrama*

2

IN RETROSPECT: *Kristen Scott Thomas impresses, but the third act turns everything on its head*

2

Detachment

Directed by **TONY KAYE**
 Starring **ADRIEN BRODY**,
SAMI GAYLE, **MARCIA GAY HARDEN**
 Released **JULY 12**



In *A Tale of Two*, Tony Kaye's 2006 short documentary, the Dutch director brought a fierce intelligence to a politically sensitive subject. With *Detachment*, he's attempted to repeat the trick, this time in the fictional framework of America's failing public school system.

Adrien Brody gives a typically lugubrious performance as substitute teacher Henry Barber. Drafted into an embattled school, he is embodied in the long, slow retreat of teaching standards. It's a situation made worse by economic crisis, political interference and classrooms of kids who have learned to give up on themselves before society does.

Kaye has employed every visual embellishment he can think of to bring this world to life. Vague chalkboard animations, abstract dream sequences and documentary cut-aways all guarantee the narrative, while dialogue scenes are pointedly framed and self-consciously edited.

These devices aren't to be confused with alien, however. There's very little room for those in a film that rejects music for a series of word-not-sounds score stories. While Kaye's instincts as a director have always been provocative, here they fail him. His intention isn't to analyze the systemic failure of US schools; it's to batter the audience into submission. But there's only so much misery that can be shoved down your throat before you choke.

And for all that *Detachment* affects the air of an art film, it's beholden to the most toxic clichés of the genre—the aggressive kid transformed by “art”; the staff as fuck-up as their pupils; the weary headteachers and transient interlopers. And all of it combined with an all man's-eye view style. In one particularly egregious scene, Kaye shoots a young girl's suicide all but the cold beauty and emotional absence of a war commercial.

With Carl Lumbly's script, flitting liberally from the *Dawson's Creek* school of sixth-form

psychology, the film's flow overblown dream performances from Brody and Sami Gayle (but briefly there to make it. Post-*Edward*, tough but brittle, Gayle in particular makes a convincingly vulnerable young woman whose fate provides *Detachment* with its one authentic grace note. **ANTHONY D'AMICO**)

ANTICIPATION: *After the development hell of *Black Water*, Transit, it's good to have Tony Kaye back in cinemas*

3

ENJOYMENT: *A film every bit as troubled as the characters it portrays*

2

IN RETROSPECT: *It's a vaguely elegant hunk of a film, but a long way from Kaye's best*

2

A man in a dark suit and white shirt, Tom Lawes, is shown from the chest up, holding a long strip of film vertically in his right hand. He has a joyful expression, with his mouth open as if laughing or shouting. The background is a warm, out-of-focus light.

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El Bulli: Cooking in Progress

Directed by GERON WETZEL

Starring FERRAN ADRIÀ, ORIOL CASTRO, EDUARD XATRUCH

Released JULY 27

When German writer/director Geron Wetzel started shooting a documentary about world-leading Catalan restaurant El Bulli in 2008, did he know that its star, Ferran Adrià, was publishing a book of ordinary secrets that year? The book offers insights into how to construct your own liqueur-infused jelly burger, and give out marshmallows. The film shows us men in white coats mulling about chemistry and mathematics with little explanation about what's actually going on.

The problem with *El Bulli: Cooking in Progress* is that its subjects are best double over fragments of vacuumated vegetable, and the triple Michelin star-winning Adrià is withdrawn to the point of anorexia. When his relations address him, he staves moodily into the middle distance. When they offer him a meal, they've spent all evening perusing, he stares impassively at them for what seems like a minute before delivering his terse verdict. "It's empty food," he says of one experience. "Don't give me anything that's not good."

There's much to learn over the course of 100 minutes, and if you're the sort who bolts easy-cook pasts every day for lunch, the artistic

rigor with which Adrià scripts his dishes will come as a revelation. The narrative starts at the end of one season at the restaurant, with cutlery and appliances being shade-wrapped, and ends at the beginning of the next. In between, Adrià and his team spend six months conducting "research" on new textures, combinations of flavors and ways of penetrating it all.

There are rules. Last year, we learn, foam was forbidden, as Adrià previously pioneered the idea of turning unlikely foodstuffs into malleables of air. This season, certain tastes must be experimented with, like sushi (Japanese persimmon) and sweet potato, which is juiced, fried, emulsified, turned into bouillon, and finally makes it into the menu as a spruce of gauchas. "At the moment," Adrià says from the testing kitchen, "what matters is whether something is magical and whether it opens up a new path." Later, he will work on making it actually taste good.

Oriol Castro opens up one new path when he tosses some ice onto his plate of gony in a cheap restaurant, and comes up with the idea of a vinaigrette made with ice pellets and served with mild tangerines. A French amateur is credited with giving the team a fresh direction

when he starts ruffling on a spider diagram of secrets he's concocted. He talks about how cardamom and bergamot together smell like blason. Escallop, trout and yuzu (a sour Asian mandarin) are also discussed.

All this is tantalizing, the full 30-course menu shown in stills at the end of the film: crystallized Parmesan, veal overage, pine seedlings, bliscous, bone marrow tartar, looks sublime. And it's good that someone managed to document the secretive back rooms at El Bulli before it closed in July last year. But it's a slow, repetitive work with too many shots that feel like filler. The food is awful. The film? Not so much. **B+—HOLLAND**

ANTICIPATION: *A peek behind hallowed gastronomic doors?*
Yes please

3

ENJOYMENT: *Chopping, frying, testing... A mouse-bourne.*

2

IN RETROSPECT: *Yes, the food looks amazing. No, you won't be buying a vacuumator.*

2

Lunch Wagon Girls

DIRECTED BY
Ernest Pintoff

STARRING
Pamela Bryant, Rosanne
Katon, Candy Moore

1981

TRAILERS

Q-Factor, Track Meet,
The Lynching of Lollipop Jonny

CHERRYPICK:

"She's got 'Early American' features - like
Cochise coming through a hairdryer."



FEATURE

If an French dancer Jean-Luc Gohard has it, all you need to kickstart a movie is a guy and a girl then easily - using simple mathematics - if you were to multiply the girl by three and subtract the gas for a shiny new catering truck, the resulting film grows exponentially in quality. That, at least, seems to be the grubby blueprint behind *Lunch Wagon Girls*, a film that offers a Frenchier's mystery tour through the neo-neo-nag of dopers, ne-bogers, grifters, drifters and cups of a downscale, proto-Tarantino LA.

The film follows three gaudy, clothing-averse central-folk types who inherit a lunch wagon. Plot-wise that's it, until a late flurry casts them unwittingly - and believe us, it's unwitting - into both a jewel robbery and an utterly separate heist plot occurring at the same time. They are subsequently chased around the dusty canyons of the San Fernando Valley by a car-cold hitwoman who resembles Jean-Claude's reimagined cougar. Pack that out with a subplot concerning a talent show, the New Wave rock stylings of one-bit wonders Missing Persons and their song 'Mental Hospital', and you've got a so-so VHS shelf-dweller between *Gas Pump Girls* and *Headhunter: The Motion Picture*.

But there's a surprisingly infectious mood at play within LMG that elevates it far above such comparable neo-comedy/fried-sauce-based fare. Indeed, what else would you expect of the producers behind *One Armed Bandit II*, *Koolhaas Up* and *Dynasty Choke*?

Idle conjecture this may be, but the shooting schedule of LMG appears to have been wholly threaded around the relative lagness afforded by blind spots in the California Highway Patrol's morning

shift-change patterns. This not only allows the film to sparkle with the star-spangled early morning machine that warmed the beds of *The Bad News Bears*, Adam Lyons' *Rome* and even *Boogie Nights* (all similarly shot in and around the San Fernando Valley), but also results in a movie that's infused with more a summer-time bounce and devil-may-care traffic violations.

This is sort of the proto *Boogie* Common Sense-making at its finest, where plot is dictated by the discovery, loss or gurgling debt pay-off of an out-of-vehicle/grundy effects reel/haunted guitar. Where character is dictated by whoever pausing neo-actor can fit into the geo-rising costume, and where the setting is any flybitten strip of French-farmed swampland or stretch of featureless Californian outback. Anywhere, that is, that doesn't require a filming permit.

In his classic Hollywood manner *Set Up* Joe, *Set Up* John, producer Bob Long summed up his experience of *Lunchwagons* during the 'film by recounting a typical meeting with a studio executive of the time. "I was could go into an office today and let us turn and say, 'I've got 40 pages of script about some kids who inherit a staffing academy, the keys to a condemned beach house and Dan Aykroyd for four days in June', and you'll have a green light before you've even finished your pitch."

Long's example is, of course, an apocryphal movie. But it is nonetheless one we have all, in some phantasmal form or another, seen. If it wasn't a beach house it was the aforementioned haunted guitar. And if it wasn't surfing, it was some bodiless road trip or last-act, man-vs-wild-or derby Or slush wagon.

But Dan Aykroyd? Yeah, it was always him.

Le Petit Nicolas

Directed by LAURENT TIRARD
 Starring MATHIEU GODART,
 VALÉRIE LEMERCER,
 KAD MERAD
 Released AUGUST 24



Back in 2005, publisher Pion released some plush English editions of *Le Petit Nicolas*, a best-selling series of French children's books which began their run in 1959. Part of the charm of writer René Goscinny's tales of a scampish schoolboy and his chums is derived from artist Jean-Jacques Sempé's captivating illustrations, which this film's Franco-Belgian producers have amiably declined to emulate, instead creating a world full of colour and incident.

From the opening moment when the boys pore over an old-fashioned school photo, it's clear we're in that world of childhood cherished by conservatives – the one that never really existed. The virtues of Goscinny's originals are here given form in Nicolas' fear that he's about to get a little brother. His schoolmate's attempt to put him inside a machine inspired by Goscinny's own Asterix books.

The film happily echoes *Asterix*-like

season-movie – the kids stay largely on the right side of cute – and for the most part, director Laurent Tirard encourages his cast to gaze up desperate, begging for designer glasses. Nicolas' parents (played by Valérie Lemercier and Kad Merad) may not have got the memo, but Sandrine Billequin (as great as 2009's *Mademoiselle Chambard*) hits the right notes as the bogan teacher, despite the adults having less to work with than the kids.

Tirard is currently working on the latest Asterix adventure and was the writer of non-com *2 Da*, starring Charlotte Gainsbourg and Alan Chabot, who contributes to the script. Much care has gone into this delicate creation, from the lovely title sequence inspired by Sempé's original drawings, through Klaus Kinski's slyly witty soundtrack, to cinema from such veterans of French cinema as Michel Galabru and Antoine

Le Petit Nicolas may be too wistfully anachronistic for young tastes, and it may only be of interest to those non-French speakers who forked out for Pion's plush books. But those happy few are in for a treat. **OVERALL**

ANTICIPATION: *It's that old cussword: how is being a much loved character in the big screen?* **3**

ENJOYMENT: *A diverting alternative to more high-in-lane kiddie fare* **3**

IN RETROSPECT: *Nicolas' sharper dialogue and some more original scenarios* **2**

The Giants

Directed by ROULI LANNERS
 Starring MARTIN NISSEN,
 ZACHARIE CHASSERAUD,
 PAUL BARTIL
 Released JULY 13



A close and occasional director Roli Lanners brings the dry wit and melancholic understatement of his 2005 debut, *Ultramarine*, to the coming-of-age drama in this impressionistic modern-day fable in the Woodstock Brothers fish (Martin Nissen) and Zak (Zacharie Chasserand) are passing a humid summer at their recently deceased grandfather's house deep in the Belgian countryside, hanging out with local boy Danny (Paul Bartil) and getting up to all kinds of mischievous, scoring weed, chugging cheap liquor, and talking a lot of bullshit.

This stylistic pitch is queried by the boys' equally disarming hands, and it's clear that men won't be coughing up any time soon. She is present only as the unheard side of phone conversations that become shorter and rarer as the three grandkids' desperation leads them a deal with local gangster beef that is, at best, ill-advised. Nonetheless and nearly

soaked-through, the boys embark on a series of disaster-banged capers.

In fact, the peril is mild, with Beef name cartoon bubble than Frank Rosta's style neighbourhood manner. The film's real emotional hook and what allows it to overcome some lumpy plotting is its believable evocation of a per adolescent sense of unreality. It's a trait that excites Dennis Potter's *Blue Remembered Hills*, a drama which, like *The Giants*, also captured the hermetic reality of childhood make-believe.

As the boys strike out for their own personal frontier, there are nods, too, to classic American coming-of-age. In the warmth and trust of their friendship, 1980's *Stand By Me* is the most obvious antecedent. But, in fact, the detachment and amoral appetite for destruction displayed by the protagonists is much closer to the teenage situation on display in that year's altogether more ambiguous *River's Edge*.

The golden light and lush wistful setting may take the harsh edge off the film's bleaker moments, but there's still a core of global savagery which is ultimately tempered by the looming adult world and the numbness of abandonment. **OVERALL**

ANTICIPATION: *Belgian countryside? The home of pop-battering adolescents?* **1**

ENJOYMENT: *Engaging low-key performances and epic landscape photography more than make up for lapses in narrative focus* **3**

IN RETROSPECT: *Wistful, beautiful looking but as transient as that kind of fast content* **3**

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Brave

Directed by MARK ANDREWS, BRENDAL CHAPMAN, STEVE PURCELL
Starring KELLY MACDONALD, BILLY CONNOLLY, EMMA THOMPSON
Released AUGUST 17

Discard the Linné idiom and typically charming complementary short, and there's something wonderfully unfamiliar about *Brave* in some ways, its cinematic thirteenth feature is its most progressive. Its gutsy young Princess Merida (Kelly Macdonald) is brash, the first Pixar heroine, and there are notable artistic milestones, too (this is by some distance Pixar's most beautiful film). But a dynamic female lead—even one whose coming-of-age isn't impeded by the pursuit of some impossibly chivalric Prince Charming— isn't enough to remedy the lack of subtlety in this stock Scottish fable.

Through a sequence of crossplay establishing shots we're transported to the heart of the Scottish Highlands, a backdrop as dramatic and enhanced as Merida's cascading copper locks, sometime during the 16th century Merida, an outgoing, independent young woman, is horrified to learn that her parents, boisterous King Fergus (Billy Connolly) and pious Queen Elinor (Emma Thompson), have invited three neighbouring clans to join them in facing her a suitor. Determined to shape her own fate,

Merida defies custom during an anchoring contest between the first-borns of each clan chief, plunging the kingdom into chaos with a single twang of her bow in the most explicitly feminist scene in Pixar's history.

Merida is role model, action figure and new-school Disney Princess all rolled into one. A freckled overlord of Katniss Everdeen and Rebelah Brooks, her rebellious streak will excite younger viewers—but not so much as to upset Middle America (a cynical piece of scripting has Merida vehemently proclaim her heterosexuality, just to dispel any faint notion that she might be a lesbian). And yet Merida's story is neither contemporary nor usually relevant enough to raise *Brave* to the heights of Pixar's other family value-oriented adventures, *The Incredibles* and *Finding Nemo*. Indeed, for a film about finding the courage to break free from tradition, *Brave* is disappointingly conventional.

The big question is, why would a studio that has built its name on the present-day escapades of a big-hearted cowboy, mischievous, kawaii robot and Michelin-starred rooster suddenly opt for a fair, far-away yarn more typical of its

parent company? There's no obvious answer. What is clear, however, is that two years and so many regards into the current decade, this sub-Tangled shopping cart of piffant fairy tale motifs—from bubbling cauldrons and charmed potions to scarred hearts and mystical woodland sprites—suggests Pixar's sense of imagination no longer matches its appetite for technical innovation. Your move, DreamWorks. **ALAN WOODWARD**

ANTICIPATION: *Pixar's first female protagonist heads up its first original story for three years*

4

ENJOYMENT: *It's got Cars 2. But, hey, Brave is way below the studio's gold standard.*

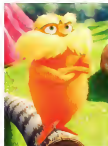
3

IN RETROSPECT: *Visual splendor compensates for the narrative shortcomings and lack of emotional depth. Just.*

3

Dr. Seuss' The Lorax

Directed by CHRIS REHAUD.
 KYLE BALDA
 Starring DANNY DEVITO,
 ED HELMS, ZAC EFRON
 Released JULY 27



In *Idiot*, all-plastic Thenderville, 12-year-old Ted (voiced by Zac Efron) wants to impress his beloved Audrey (Taylor Swift) with a real Truffula cone. So he ventures out to the wastelands beyond the city's walls, little realizing that air-sucking entrepreneur O'Hare (Dink Riggle) will do anything to stop the return of trees (and of free, photosynthesized oxygen).

None of the names, characters, locations or situations in this framing narrative are to be found inside Seuss' 1972 children's book *The Lorax*, helping the authorial attribution in the film's title. Yet the scenes in Thenderville—part throwback to a '50s-style suburban utopia of blithe sloping embankments; part post-modern metropolis of rampant, bilious red consumption. Along the good Doctor's evocative moral concerns right back to the future, including everything from the surveillance society to our current obsession with greenish technology and the ever-fur-bottled water.

Seuss' original story hides in only when Ted meets the reclusive Once-ler (Ed Helms), who sensibly wastes a possible allegorizing the Western history of colonization, exploitation and resource depletion. In it, a younger Once-ler gradually destroys the idyllic Truffula Valley (as well as his own innocence), filling it all its trees to manufacture luddish "Thendervils," despite repeated warnings of dire consequences from "slightly annoying" arboreal spokesmen the Lorax (Danny DeVito), who eventually departs the devastated Valley in disgust.

The ecological message here is timely, complicated and unapologetically liberal. Just as the Once-ler arrives over the Valley's woodland denizens with a bribe of manmade low treats, the film's bitter pill is sugar-coated not only with Truffula forests that look just like candy floss, but also with chipmunk-like fish choruses, grunting skateboarders, a veridical cinematic chase sequence and witty catty business aplenty.

Abside of this padding (and some off-putting lurid like padding) and the rattle-dangle 3D-GI, the Lorax himself and his group's adventures are pushed to the margins, inspired of impact and importance. Although, by way of compensation, Seuss' Once-ler is here given a human face, while his central arboreal number "How Bad Can I Be?" operates as an anthem for the self-serving, cynical canyons of our own times. **ANTHONY**

ANTICIPATION. From the makers of *Heavenly Creatures* and *Despicable Me*

3

ENJOYMENT. A candy-colored eye squall with too much in the way of narrative padding...

3

IN RETROSPECT. Not its message is ambitious and timely

4

Ping Pong

Directed by HUGH HARTFORD
 Starring LES BARRY,
 DOROTHY DELANE, LISA MODLICH
 Released JULY 6



Six of the all-too-familiar seasonal blues tied to the inevitable occurrence of an ill-timed Scot or Hines-spelling millionaire? Les Barry is here to help. At 88, the vergeth-lifting widower from Wakefield in Britain's best hope for glory at the over-80s Table Tennis Championships in Inner Mongolia. But he's up against some stiff competition in the form of former Swedish champion Ruse Forsberg, a long-term friend and rival, not to mention Chinese hotshot Sun Lao and Aussie treasure Dorothy Delane who, at 100-years-old, is the tournament's most senior paddle-wagger.

"Why are you participating in this competition?" a newsy-sounding chippy Chinese TV reporter asks Delane in a pre-match interview. "You're so old!" That may be so, but it doesn't make our Dot any less a competitor. Indeed, age is merely a formality for the

eight veteran athletes going for gold in Hugh Hartford's life-affirming business-interest doc. With a trip-busting 760 years between them, there's no shortage of anecdotes in the film's extended opening act, during which Hartford travels to five countries across four continents in order to get to know his subjects.

It's a simple and oftentimes possible that's key to establishing your investment in each player while boosting expectations ahead of the main event. If at this stage you're wondering why a greater chunk of *Ping Pong*'s slender 80-minute runtime wasn't dedicated to the tournament itself, the reason soon becomes apparent. So relevant are the things they say, Les and co. as far more engaging away from the matchtable, whenever they're not wailing on rubbers and leaving bladders from snuffballs on the sports ball floor.

So while the novelty of watching a group

of propped-up pensioners lurching forehands at each other soon wears off, at least their inspiring stories of triumph, loss and sacrifice stay with you. **ADAM HOWARD**

ANTICIPATION. An OAP's table tennis tour? This we have to see

3

ENJOYMENT. The novelty wears off quickly enough, but the personalities behind the paddles endure...

3

IN RETROSPECT. A fair precursor to this summer's *Games* that doesn't quite warrant a theatrical release

2

Salute

Directed by **MATT NORMAN**

Starring **PETER NORMAN,**

TOMMIE SMITH, JOHN CARLOS

Released **JULY 13**



At the 1968 Mexico Olympics, US 400 metre runner Tommie Smith and John Carlos celebrated their respective gold and bronze medals by giving a Black Power salute, a deeply political gesture that had serious repercussions on their lives and careers. The subject of this moving, low-key documentary, however, is the third man on the podium, Australian Peter Norman.

A committed Christian from a Salvation Army family and dedicated to racial equality, Norman not only stood by the athletes in their actions, but won an Olympic Project for Human Rights badge in solidarity. As a result, he was largely ostracised as his own country (which had its own racial problems - at the time it operated a whites-only immigration policy), and found his athletic career in tatters.

Using a combination of filmed round-table interviews featuring all three men, great

conference footage and archive material, Selton delivers a compelling story of bravery, bravely shattering the standard social climate of the late '60s before moving on to the drama of the race and its aftermath. Norman makes for an excellent subject; his stoic nature and self-deprecating wit complement an impressive stillness and commitment to the cause.

Though the film's occasional attempts to draw direct parallels between the three men's post-event situations feel over-slightly stretched, there's no denying the solemn in which Carlos and Smith hold their ground.

And yet despite the strength of the content, *Salute* betrays its low budget with some dated production values; the audio and visual quality of the interviews is rough around the edges at best, and off-puttingly murky at worst. It would also benefit from a tighter edit.

But this film isn't about shen and pols; it's

a revealing, as well as a tale about an exceptional individual who stood up for his beliefs at great personal cost. *Salute* also functions as an excellent companion piece to Geoff Smith's 2008 TV doc about Smith and Carlos, *Black Power Salute*. **ASHLEY CLARK**

ANTICIPATION *As the Olympic juggernaut rolls into town, here's a welcome opportunity to reflect on an important political moment in sport*

3

ENJOYMENT *A blend of event and a compelling subject*

3

IN RETROSPECT *A moving and worthwhile tale*

3

360

Directed by **FERNANDO MEIRELES**

Starring **ANTHONY HOPKINS,**

RACHEL WURSE, JUDE LAW

Released **AUGUST 10**



Burne. Magnolia if you want. Or Crash, or *Boiler*, or any one of those epics of global intimacy that have coalesced into a genre of their own over the last decade or so. But where those films at least attempted to draw on real social anxieties around urban alienation, or struggled with the interconnectedness of the post-9/11 world, 360 just drowns on those films. And *Love Actually*.

Despite claims that the film is based on Arthur Schnitzler's 1907 stage play, *Le Rondel* - a biting satire of class transgression in fin de siècle Vienna with heaps of sex - 360 settles on a pretty safe, conservative world where even generic Eastern European pimps and hard-core American sex criminals have a clean shot at redemption.

The globe-trotting narrative focuses on the abortive postcolonial dalliance of a misanthropic International Business Traveler played by Jude Law, neither of the dweeby, Beta-male characterisations he's getting

worshipfully good at. Law's wife Ottavia Winick works for him as her expensive jetsetter in the London Borough of Richmond. Cortis, among the most (like sex scenes with a beautiful Brazilian photographer who, in turn, has a fiery Latino girlfriend who... And so on and so on.

It's not an original device, but with this cast and a screenplay by the writer of *The Last King of Scotland* and *Proof/Vision*, it should add up to more than the crumbly obvious cinematic equivalent of a *Marie Claire* 'sexiest' magazine. There are a few moments of charm that don't feel contrived, and one stand-out performance by Ben Foster as the parolee struggling with his urge to rape up an entire airport lounge. But it's meagre payback for nearly two hours of mild-behove nosing.

It's telling that Schnitzler's play began and ends with his prostitute, where 360 focuses on the journey of well-off couple Law and Wurse. If that shift is a nod to the film's target audience, it's probably spot on: this is

a sanitised, bubble-wrapped picture of the global village that provides cruise-averse viewing for those seeking reassurance about the bag lie of the twenty-first century. That *We're All in It Together*. Wrong. It isn't even any fun. **PULFAR LUNGU**

ANTICIPATION *Surely something to enjoy in that cast, the director of City of God and a classic movie*

4

ENJOYMENT *Nearly two hours of snuggly circle-jerking*

1

IN RETROSPECT *There's one Anthony Hopkins monologue to remember, but that only highlights everything the rest of the film so surely lacks*

2



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Swandown

Directed by ANDREW KÖTTING

Starring ANDREW KÖTTING, IAIN SINCLAIR, STEWART LEE

Released JULY 20

As Andrew Köttling's work is laced with rigorous philosophical quotations from the likes of Heidegger, philosopher EM Cioran, it's safe to say he assumes a certain amount of theoretical knowledge on the part of his viewers. Yet his journeys - from 1997's *Golfswest* (around Britain's coast), to the 2000 book/*metafiction* *In The Wake of Deleuze* (through England to Mexico with tubular representations of his late father) and now in *Swandown* (up the River Thames) - depend on untheoretical interactions with local residents who would oblige to the fact that they're springboards for larger musings. "Meet ordinary people," Köttling notes in tracking voiceover while detailing his plan for the first few days. But he is gone with enthusiasm and ready to pack it in on day one. It only fits a few TV interviews layed down.

There are a few encounters with the same kind of friendly natives that populated *Golfswest*, local economies who can be counted on to lend a brief tour through the countryside or pop off a song, but the focus is largely on Köttling and his travelling companions, most often writer/psychogeographer Iain Sinclair.

The task of driving visitors from the landscape is one fraught with the possibility of alienating less academically rooted viewers, hence the need for constant self-mockery and deflation. "We're in a different kind of England... The morose resonances of some of the things that we've begun are beginning to come back and haunt us in a different way, a kind of suburbanised way," Köttling states to his crew via walkie-talkie. "Everything around Maidenhead is a parody. You're given, you're given, you're going to see couples pretending to be couples that are really too others." Their response is meant to dash all charges of pretentious self-indulgence: "You think what? Over?"

With his big head and reassuringly British grace under a sufficient semi-shaped pedalo (borrowed from venerable Hastings

without attention, Swan Lake), Köttling reassures viewers nothing too pretentious is about to happen. Sticking to small rural towns and rivers, like *Golfswest*'s coastal route, the soothing side-effect of keeping all potential unpleasantness off-camera, these are images of rural Britain or economic displacement here, no homeless drug addicts or other marginalised social members. Indeed, Englishness remains disconcertingly (if subtly) close to the "Little Britain" edges of *ITV* Friday.

Stylistically, much of *Swandown* unfolds with Köttling's agreeable but-forward baritone, the glib vocals simplifying his musings on technology's over-rapid march. Here, he favours long shots, some of which use shallow framings in the fog on the Thames that resemble Gainsborough country and others merely symmetrically strenuous. As late as earlier film, audio and video snippets from government-produced shorts of the '60s and '80s set against chilly electronics, mostly in line with the effect produced by "Samurai"-minded electronic musicians like Martin Barre.

London, unashamedly, arrests this attention of cultural continuity. Facing over "the huge enclosures of the Olympic site", Köttling is denied permission to navigate the waters nearby, his journey ending with perky justification for his preference for a relatively untroubled past alive in the countryside. **VIVIAN HODJA**

ANTICIPATION: The madcap latest from Britain's premier psychogeographer and film artist

4

ENJOYMENT: A paltry tin-pot Fitzcarraldo.

4

IN RETROSPECT: Makes a few rock-political tricks, but Köttling and Sinclair make for fine shipmates

3



Andrew Kötting



INTERVIEW

The restless dynamism of British artist and filmmaker Andrew Kötting is all over his latest madcap project. *Swandown* is a Dadaist odyssey from Hastings to Hackney on the back of a swan-shaped pedalo named Edith. The film is a collaboration with writer and psychogeographer Iain Sinclair, who sits in as Kötting's learned shipmate. The initial aim of the film was to take a pop at one of Sinclair's *bêtes noires*, the London Olympics. But, as Kötting explains here, things didn't go entirely as planned...

"I am initially proposed to me that I swim the London Borough of Hackney. It was a nice idea but I wasn't really up for that. Iain has a little hole in Hastings. It's an eight-and-a-half-hour. It's a limited space. Whatever we chose to do, he was up for the crew. I did a series of walks with miniature means. Then I saw the crew pedalo down on the Hastings strand. I thought, 'I'd much rather pedal around Hackney'."

"So we riffed on that for about 38 months, produced a series of installations, maps, books, images and performances. Deep down, he was more negative than I was about getting it funded. I just thought, 'Fuck it, let's just do it. Even if we get turned back at five o'clock just drift into the English Channel, so be it. That will be the film! Feeling would've been as interesting as recording."

"The apparatus of cinema and the apparatus of the film industry were all over my 2009 film, *Just*. There's more rigour and less rigour to *Swandown*. Stuart Lee, who is one of the passengers in the pedalo, talks about reverse engineering, and that was what we were doing. We shot loads of stuff, edited it, then told everyone that was what it was meant to be like."

"Swans are ridiculous animals. But also the pedalos themselves. There's something about about two blisks and one. It feels very Goan or Dadaist. For me, that's really important. No one's really going to take you that seriously when you're on board a giant swan. As we travelled down river, Iain brought in all the points of reference, whether literary, historical, psychological or what he describes as 'morpho-psycho-geo'. Along the journey, we started off as 'pedalists', then 'pedalophile' and finally we settled on 'swandowners'."

"On paper, a lot of people may think this film is about penetrating the Olympic site and making special kind of statement. Near the end, Iain leaves to go to Boston, and for me, the remainder of the voyage became quite poignant. After three weeks of being together with this incredible man, he had become so much more playful and less didactic than I would've imagined. Iain is wonderful company. He's so robust. He gets out there and beats the boats. He does his thing because that's where his central energy comes from. I am, as a counterpoint, the huffoon. The heavy lift to his: William Blake, the Skanks has U2, the Estingon to his Vladimir

"When we were about to enter the Olympic zone, he wasn't there to experience it. The film changes gear at that point. It becomes more melancholic, dreamlike and hallucinatory. We're disappearing into a fog of twenty-first-century consciousness. Iain Sinclair is a tech radio. You tune in to him and you hear stuff. With *Swandown*, I wanted to show Iain's more humanistic side. I wanted people to tune in to him."

"We'd done some live performances before and I think he likes me taking the piss. He's on a pedestal, for sure. The man is quite remarkable and, in my opinion, one of the most interesting writers this island has produced. But, I can't help myself. I need to trip him up. I need to kick the legs from beneath him. I love meeting strangers and Iain really doesn't. He's very frightened of those kinds of meetings. Those experiences that we had together lead him to extract and purify facts and confabulate and create. I'm just performing at that moment. That's just what I like to do."

"When I'm sculpting the film, I'm always looking for those edit points. They're like raptures or despairs. Eventually, a rhythm unfolds and it feels kind of berserk and a bit broodley. Out of that mess, out of that noise and view of cosmology, things begin to flow. I square *Swandown* with dub reggae. You need to lay down your base and seduce people with your rhythms. Here, that's the pedalling. But it's also an opera, with the libretto delivered by Iain."

"With *Swandown*, there's no point of reference out there. Maybe *Henry's Place* had that even then as people dressing up and performing. This is more like *Control*. We didn't know what was going to happen. My filmmaking is driven by the dare. Health and safety comes about me being in this fixed canal as a naked nut and a pair of heavy sailing boots become slightly awkward and even risky. But at no point did I feel in jeopardy. I wore the suit every day, slept in it. The jacket is hard as swandown and it's what kept me warm."

"One of the things I saw in the edit, the pedalos that came and passed us were, if anything, disorienting as from this relationship that was unfolding. There's a closeness. It's palpable. You can see that there are these two old codgers who are enjoying each other's company. In that sense, *Swandown* is a strange kind of love story."

See Swandown The installation at Turner Contemporary, Margate until July 28



Magic Mike

Directed by STEVEN SODERBERGH

Starring CHANNING TATUM, ALEX PETTYFER, MATTHEW MCCONAUGHEY

Reviewed JULY 11

Cut your mind back to August 1999: *Blair* was brand new; the *Spice Girls* were the singles; *gravy* embodied of British Culture; and a cute little film called *The Full Monty* scuttled into cinemas and thrust its gray Northern goading-pouch into the face of an unsuspecting world. Peter Cattaneo's tale of six looms from Sheffield banding together to form a ramshackle strip-troupe touched us here. It wasn't sordid or grotesque but charming, beautiful and endearing.

15 years later, the moral and aesthetic landscape of the stripper movie has changed again. On the surface of Steven Soderbergh's *Magic Mike*, the boys are harder, the hooks are bigger and the dicks are bigger. But underneath the meat and machismo, *Magic Mike* somehow manages to retain the same gentle humanity and deep anguish prominent in its (now) British antecedent.

Channing Tatum plays the spongy Mike, a roof-tiler by day and wince-cracking stripper by night. Up on the roof, Mike meets The Kid (Alex Pettyfer), a 19-year-old dropout with a thirst for

anything better than what he's got right now. Taken with the stripper's cool demeanor and cooler lifestyle (which, go figure, is full of easy girls), The Kid crosses his way into Mike's life and the two become, you guessed it, buddies.

So the parables are set. It's a buddy movie, not a chick flick. But wait! It's a buddy movie with dudes who drop their trousers for a living, so it's full of gross physical comedy and carwash montages, right? Wrong. Soderbergh initially trips over himself to try and get away from what might be expected of a film about male strippers, but after a few initial belly laughs and some shots of bare ass-cuts, the film gradually descends towards something darker, more dangerous and ultimately more engaging.

From Matthew McConaughey's strip-joint madame, Dolores ("Who's got the cock? You do?"), to Joe Manganiello's Big Dick Richie, the principal characters—all but one of whom are male—aren't dreamy Hollywood heartfoes. Behind their stripper facades, these men are compelling and vulnerable, and Soderbergh manages to capture their collective seduction to a superficially

ephemeral world that is, in reality, completely destructive, with his customary satirical eye.

Despite being dated-out in a different sense, it's not unlike its older British cousin. It's not lucky. It's not a romp. It's not glossy and it's not sexy. It has charm. But more than that, *Magic Mike* is a product of a time where the manner of love is well and truly over. It's a coming-of-age story written on sandpaper about the bleak uncertainty of young adulthood, the slippery danger of getting too rich too quick, and the realization that some dreams never will come true. **A- M.T.W.B.M.**

ANTICIPATION	The half-full manny	3
ENJOYMENT	Dude, where's my lap dance?	3
IN RETROSPECT	Boogie (night) wonderland	4

AFTER THE PINOCHET CASE AND SALVADOR ALLENDE

NOSTALGIA FOR THE LIGHT

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Ann Hornaday, *WASHINGTON POST*

★★★★★

'A moving meditation on history and mortality
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Red Desert (1964)

Directed by MICHELANGELO ANTONIONI
 Starring MONICA VITTI, RICHARD HARRIS, CARLO CHIONETTI
 Released JULY 27

In *Red Desert*, Michelangelo Antonioni's 1964 masterpiece, Giuliana (Monica Vitti) wanders around Rovereto, Italy, trying to reintegrate into her life following a nervous collapse that necessitated an extended hospital stay. The triggering incident for her breakdown may have been a car accident, but one look at the lost woman wandering around the film's gorgeously beautiful industrial landscapes and stunning interiors, oppressive in their geometrical precision, and it's easy enough to ascribe the real cause of her ongoing alienation and angst of existential dread. It's something best described as "modernity."

None of this represents new territory for Antonioni. He had earned similar ground in his previous three films, all starring Vitti. But here, shooting in color for the first time and working with an aerie electronic score, the filmmaker takes up where the closing sequence of his previous effort, *L'Eclisse*, left off, presenting the environment as a menacing, science-fiction landscape. Smoldering skies, a few pale vapors, an apocalyptic sea of smoke in the distance, then a startlingly repetitive sound of ship horns drift in from the neighboring sea.

At times, *Red Desert* feels like nothing so much as a horror film, one whose perfectly

crafted visual and aural design exactly mirror the crisis and confusion of its lead character. If Antonioni puts Vitti through her paces, he also allows her to craft her most fully realized and sympathetic portrait of an alienated modern, incapable of feeling and yet desperate for human connection. Giuliana keeps company with her industrialist husband's visiting colleague, Camillo Zeller (Richard Harris, whose voice, poorly dubbed into Italian, adds another layer of dissonance to the proceedings), which skirts romantic involvement.

Giuliana only temporarily seems to come alive, such as the scene depicting a sexually charged hauguet in a seaside cabin in which she tells her husband she wants to make love only to be immediately rebuffed. But mostly she attempts to describe her feelings of alienation and the circumstances of her hospitalization to Camillo. Here is a state of being brought on both by her isolated position as the wife of a captain of industry and the consuming toxicity of the surrounding landscape - literally and metaphorically poisonous.

Only a late fantasy sequence provides any aesthetic respite. As Giuliana narrates a tale of a girl living by herself in a river paradise, Antonioni illustrates the story, scrapping industrial haze for crystal clear lagoons.

The sudden warmth of the cinematography is a startling contrast.

But such images can only ever be transitory, and as Giuliana walks away one last time through the factory grounds, a seemingly unmitigated into her surroundings, we know that her life, at best, is a compromise of continual adjustment. As Giuliana puts it, and so the film makes palpably clear, "There's something terrible in reality". It's a certain frightening quality that remains impossible of articulation in our heroine's head, but finds perfect visual expression in Antonioni's unforgettable, perpetually terrifying imagery. **ANDREW SCHENKER**

ANTICIPATION: A chance to see Antonioni's masterpiece on the big screen is not to be missed

5

ENJOYMENT: *Red Desert* may vary with the weather, but highly rewarding film

4

IN RETROSPECT: *Red Desert* is Antonioni's clearest, most striking statement of purpose - and one of cinema's great films

5

Michelangelo Antonioni

An essential guide to the work of Italy's master of modernism.



Essence of style

Michelangelo Antonioni is one of the great cinematic innovators. With each new film he seemed to alter and challenge our perceptions of what narrative cinema can be and, moreover, what it can achieve.

Much like many of his disaffected protagonists, Antonioni's evolving style (which reached a peak of both emotional detachment and formal complexity in the early '60s with his 'Trilogy of Alienation') can be read as part of an ongoing desire to confront and confound the cinema that came before him.

His was a swift move away from the strictures of neo-realism that informed his early years in documentary filmmaking. He gravitated towards a modern and poetically objective aesthetic that continues to influence filmmakers to this day. Every time you watch a film by Béla Tarr, Apichatpong Weerasethakul, Kelly Reichardt, Jia Zhangke, Ilan Glikson or Claire Denis, you're witnessing the legacy of Antonioni.

Where to start

Antonioni's 1960s films best typify his preoccupations. *Blow-Up* (1966) is widely available on DVD and is a great place to start.

His biggest commercial success, it signalled a move towards deeper contemplation that would peak (somewhat disastrously) with 1961's *The Mystery of Oberwald* – sure to, if not avoid, then certainly keep near the bottom of the stack. *Blow-Up* also shares thematic concerns with his last truly great film 1970's *The Passenger*, as both are interested in questions of perspective that challenge the very nature of film-watching and image-making.

His trilogy (actually four films) with Monica Vitti is best digested in order: 1962's *L'Eclisse* with its eye-popping seven-minute finale is a stunning accompaniment to the more obscure but equally dazzling *Claretta* from 1960, while *La Notte* (1964) is an often-overlooked masterpiece. His move into colour photography with 1964's *Red Desert* represents perhaps the strongest distillation of Antonioni's form and themes, his characters fused to an industrial landscape in a film of devastating power. Each of these films is available on DVD but *Red Desert* should really be seen on the new Blu-ray edition.

The early years

The best of Antonioni's '50s work offers a great chance to see an extraordinary filmmaker honing his craft and experimenting with techniques that would later evolve into his

singular cinematic vocabulary. They can be seen courtesy of BFI's wonderful Masters of Cinema imprint.

The *Lady Without Cameraman* (1955) and *Le Amiche* (1957) are fascinating early works, but it's his bleak masterpiece from 1953, *Il Grido*, that provides the most fully realised of this period. Typically frustrating its protagonists, in many respects it works as a tragic counterpoint to the female-led trilogy that came after. It stands as the apex of Antonioni's work to that point, until he broke through the ceiling of cinematic possibility with *L'Avventura* three years later.

Off piste

Seen all the features? Two of Antonioni's documentaries – *Traité de Sévérité* from 1963 and *Chung Kuo* (1972) – couldn't be more different, but both are worth picking up. The first, part of the postmodern film *Love in the City*, is a short, highly stylised exploration of suicide which cleverly blurs the lines between documentary and fiction. *Chung Kuo* – one is a four-hour take on the Chinese Cultural Revolution funded by the Maoist government. It was shrouded in controversy for decades due to its highly critical depiction of the country, and was only allowed to be screened in China as recently as 2004.



A Simple Life

Directed by ANN HUI

Starring DEANNIE YIP, ANDY LAU, LAWRENCE AU MON

Released AUGUST 3

Nover has a bank of steamed-on tongues revealed more about the delicate relationship between a master and his servant than in veteran Hong Kong New Wave director Ann Hui's latest film.

In showing the mass of brown meat and cleaving it over a game of cards, Roger (Andy Lau) and his old classmates finally remember the role that Ah Tao—Roger's family servant of 60 years and the cook of that now-demolished mansion—played in their lives. It reveals as much about class in contemporary Asian society as family life and loneliness. While Ah Tao (Deannie Yip) is an old people's home after a stroke that has left her partially paralyzed, the important part she played in their lives is revealed through the enjoyment of this home delicacy.

And yet, no sooner has Roger and Ah Tao's relationship been established in all its quiet practicality than Hui subverts it. After her stroke, Roger realizes Ah Tao's significance, a tender maternal love he took for granted. He becomes her caretaker, paying for her treatment and supporting her through her slow physical and mental decline, assuming the role of the dutiful son she never had.

Elegantly and with weighty sincerity, Hui weaves the burden of Ah Tao's impending death into the very core of *A Simple Life*. The depiction of Hong Kong is muted and heavy; it's not the bustling, vital metropolis usually portrayed on film, but a tightly packed collection of individuals struggling to understand their place in the world, all followed by Hui's restless, strolling lens.

When Ah Tao arrives at the old people's home for the first time—a shanty town of plywood partitions in a vast warehouse room—she lies assembly on the bed, and Hui's camera remains perched atop the partition, leaving her loneliness to be felt, but leaving her well alone. It's a displaced visual tenderness, a closeness once removed, a beautiful iteration of the themes of the film.

Deannie Yip, who was named Best Actress at the 2011 Venice Film Festival for her role as the humble servant, brilliantly manages to split mind and body, depicting Ah Tao's frumpy, witty character as she becomes trapped inside a body nearing its end. Andy Lau is compelling, too, as a hard-eyed businessman

softened by his realization of deep feelings for his servant.

In *A Simple Life*, Hui has (re)confirmed that she is a masterful observer of the idiosyncrasies of city life, capable of forensic attention to seemingly routine moments from which she is able to reveal something moving, tender and often overlooked. The fading of a bed or the eating of a meal in a cold become signifiers of invisible yet shilling social bonds, deeply felt but never voiced. **BUSY LEANDROWSKACUMMINES**

ANTICIPATION: *A long, slow film about a servant's death? Not on a sunny afternoon.*

2

ENJOYMENT: *Surprisingly compelling in its charged beauty.*

3

IN RETROSPECT: *A film that will fill you with a sense of hope, and a glimpse into the frailties of life in modern Hong Kong.*

3

The Hunter

Directed by **DANIEL NETTHEIM**
 Starring **MILLEM DAPFIE**,
SYM NEILL, **MORGANA DAVIES**
 Released **JULY 6**



While hunting at but ultimately eschewing the broadly drawn drunks that typified Lee Tamahori's 1997 film, *The Edge*, and the existential underlines that defined last year's neo-serious-wishes-turned-porn *The Grey* out of its genre's trappings, Australian TV director Daniel Nettheim's undecorated second feature struggles to find a balance between its busy thematic concerns, over-cooked humor drama and the clipped simplicity of its narrative.

The beats at the heart of those previously mentioned films are of solemnly perambulatory nature, while the cheery Tasmanian tiger central to Wilson Duke's mission in *The Hunter* means something of a benign MacGuffin. It's a supposedly extinct, locally mythologized creature sought after by competing bushie firms for unique totems that induce paranoia in its prey. As Duke is sent to track what is perhaps the last remaining example of the species, one does wonder how difficult it may ultimately prove to find, given how laden the

poor creature is with such and every one of the bureau characters' metaphorical baggage.

Dufre clearly sees echoes of himself in the tiger's plight (I wonder if she's the last one? Just hunting and killing, waiting to die?), while the young family to whom he slowly begins to form a paternalist attachment invest themselves in his quest to find their missing father. The constant co-and-fr between Dufre's mission and that burgeoning relationship means *The Hunter* never has the opportunity to fully explore either side with any true sense of depth. The scenes with the family lose themselves to an unexpected sentimentality, given that the source novel was penned by Julia Leigh, director of 2013's emotionally implacable *Sleeping Beauty*.

The Tasmanian landscape is scenerically evoked in Robert Humphreys' fine-brown lighting, and our time spent alone with Dufre in the wilderness is (again) perhaps only to that spent with local tracker Sam Neill, here on

snarling form. It's just a shame that in lingering on the narrative's ontocarcenic and ecological context, and masterfully pushing for emotional weight, *The Hunter* tries to say everything and ends up saying nothing. **MATT TARDIFF**

ANTICIPATION. From the producers of *Animal Kingdom* and now, the director of TV's *Dance Academy*.

2

ENJOYMENT. Dufre and Neill are on great form in a tiger-hunting, neo-detective thriller that curiously lacks the part

3

IN RETROSPECT. Unformed and thematically fairly straightforward *Moor* could have been said with less

2

Seeking a Friend for the End of the World

Directed by **LORENESCAFARIA**
 Starring **STEVE CARELL**,
KEIRA NIGHTINGALE, **ADAM BRODY**
 Released **JULY 23**



One of those genre hybrids that want to have sounded bold, cutting, even revolutionary when it was being pitched, *Seeking a Friend for the End of the World* is a film that wonders aloud whether a nuclear on comes to destroy the earth can make a liking love story more exciting?

'No' is the not wholly unwelcome conclusion. It's as if writer/director Lorene Scarfaria decided that this unusual framing device nullified her film's originality quotient, and so for the rest of it she doesn't really have to try. As a result, everyone we meet on screen is a cliché: Steve Carell re-makes the same character from last year's *Crazy, Stupid, Love*, a repressed loser with too many layers of clothing who gradually gains self-confidence and comes onto the art of casual dressing.

There's nothing more to Keira Knightley's Penny than can be guessed from the film's poster from the whitewashed pink dress and Converse sneakers to the lanky hair and awful of stail, she's a post-modern parody of the music video dress girl. Add her to the offensively canonic, hippy-dippy muck of Natalie Portman (in *Garden State*) and Zooey Deschanel (on everything).

Carell and Knightley spend the last three weeks of their lives on a meandering road trip. There's a biggie concerning Carell's Missouri maid who, even though the world is ending, keeps coming to clean the house. When Carell tells her to go and spend time with her family, she replies in Spanish, "I am your friend, I just want to clean your house." So, don't feel bad about underpaid foreign laborers. They lose something fierce! It's the kind of line that leaves you lost for words. If only the same had happened to Scarfaria, we could have avoided this calamity in the first place. **JESSICA LAMBERT**

ANTICIPATION. Knightley as a meanie partner is going to be entertaining, but Carell is generally enjoyable.

2

ENJOYMENT. Being only in one thing, but much of this film is just dull

2

IN RETROSPECT. A failed attempt to mix genres, made worse by a lot of misfires of awkward

1



The Lodger (1927)

Directed by ALFRED HITCHCOCK

Starring JUNE TRIPP, IVOR NOVELLO, MARIE AUJT

Released AUGUST 10

One of the most fascinating things about Alfred Hitchcock's 1927 silent thriller *The Lodger*, is how many of *The Master's* fascinations, obsessions, themes and peculiar techniques are already present.

Chronologically, this is the third of Hitch's 58 features, but is generally accounted for as his genuine first. This amazing 'Story of the London Fog' (as the film is subtitled) is now available, tinted and restored, as one of the first offerings in the BFI's upcoming, three-month Hitchcock celebration, which boasts a full retrospective and includes a further eight silent restorations.

This point was viewed without composer Nino Rostroczy's new score, but the energy and visual dynamism of the story of a fugitive-escape killer as the lone in an early Victorian-based Old Smoke is such that it can be unreservedly recommended not only to hardcore Hitch buffs, but also to cinemagoers who may ordinarily pause before choosing to dip a toe into the gorgeous, translucent pool of silent cinema.

Audiences unused to silent film conventions may raise an amused eyebrow as would-be lodger Ivor Novello raises his own. And perhaps the manic intensity of his staring eyes is a bit of a give-away as he arrives at the door of a family

boarding house run by the parents of peroxide blonde heroine, Daisy, played with increasing sympathy/persecution by June Tripp.

Those familiar with Hitch's career-long predilection for jeopardising young blonde women will already have uttered the thought of a new trope of them—the golden-eyed Golden Girls—as they tumble off the stage early in the film. But Hitch needs an intricacy to explain the girl's sudden, touchingly presented society, which stems from their conviction that the Ripper (here called 'The Avenger', as named in Marie Belloc Lowndes' original novel and stage play) has a similar, if more deadly, preference for life-haired victims.

What's most impressive about *The Lodger* is the inventiveness and audacity with which Hitchcock solves problems. He creates made-for-effortlessly-madulate films going to dread, dark humour to suspense, suspicion to fear, right through to concern, sympathy, a sense of identification and release.

It's no spoiler to say that for Hitch, the casting of madman kid Novello made things complicated—as matters of innocence and guilt often are. The questions that he sets himself—and we, the audience, must ponder—are who can doubt that this creepy lodger is

the killer? And yet realise that Novello can't be the villain, can he?

It's some sport watching the young director attempting to keep these two wild horses running side by side. In doing so, he rolls out every trick he'd recently picked up, adding a new angle he'd learned from Fritz Lang here, while cutting conventional narrative flotsam there. Even more exciting are his on-the-spot inventions, from the various symbolic insertions to the literal glass ceilings that enable him to get right under the psychological feet of his characters. **WILL HAMMOND**

ANTICIPATION: A chance to catch one of Hitchcock's lesser-known early works. Newly restored, of course

4

ENJOYMENT: An improvising and intense thriller from a master-in-the-making

4

IN RETROSPECT: One for Hitch fans, one for thriller fans, one for classic fans. Do not miss

5

39 Steps to the Genius of Hitchcock

Edited by JAMES BELL. Published by BFI

This concept-driven anthology on the life and work of Leytonstone's favourite son is an example of how a savvy marketing hook doesn't always result in crass cultural spoon-feeding.

After 'Olympus', the word you're going to hear more than any other in the UK this summer is 'Hitch'. Arguably the greatest filmmaker ever to have graced these Isles (before kicking off to LA), Alfred Hitchcock is to become the subject of a full-scale retrospective from August through October, with his sublime oeuvre of scandalous, tawdry, rebarbative masterworks the springboard for various on-screen events and online projects.

In order to whet our collective appetite, the BFI has also commissioned a two-in volume of essays to outline the conceptual backbone of the season. The 39 Steps: These 'steps' include the formulation of Hitchcock's public persona, his curious attitudes towards screen heroines, his post-modern use of travel, his wary appropriation of mind or an some kind of masculine artform, and a near-microscopic examination of all his films, collaborators and inner psyche.

This handsome portmanteau of the Hitchcock life story isn't delivered as a random collection of essays, however. Curated as one, it also offers a gripping, roughly linear, thematic and personal narrative, which allows the volume to be consumed as a biography and not merely as a clip-in reference guide (although it does work rather well on that level, too).

One of the most suggestive aspects of this new book is as a showcase for some of the world's best writers on film; there's a rare pleasure to be had in seeing them all bundled within the same long, Hitchcockian shadow. Safe old hands such



as Krist Jeann (writing on Hitchcock's vision of America), David Thomson (on his symbiotic relationship with the film industry, and father-son relationship with Hollywood mogul Lew Wasserman) and Matthew Sweet (in brilliant essay on Hitchcock's British film) rub shoulders with rising stars such as American critic Dana Calabrese (on Hitchcock's laissez-faire relationship with actors), Ianel Stevens (on what we can deduce from Hitchcock's art collection) and BFI curator Vic Pratt (on Hitchcock's family home). Room has even been made to slip in a lovely chronic essay on Hitchcock's long career of director and cinephile Guillermo del Toro.

Of course, the fact that every pore of Hitchcock's body of work has already been examined in near-photographic detail – including classics such as François Truffaut's book of transcribed interviews, or Robin Wood's *Hitchcock's Films Revisited* – does make you wonder whether there is any more to be said on the gothic showman of twentieth-century cinema.

Yet you only need to re-watch any 16 minutes of *Vertigo*, *Psycho* or *Rear Window* to know that, with Hitch, there will always be more hard work to be done. Operating concurrently as friendly introduction, detailed reappraisal, sideways glance and unrepentant appropriation, this collection rises to the upper echelons of the Hitchcock canon.

The *Genius of Hitchcock* runs from August to October at the BFI, BFI IM2, London.



Nostalgia for the Light

Directed by **PATRICIO GURMÁN**
 Starring **GASPAR GALAZ, LAUTARO NÚÑEZ, LUIS HENRÍQUEZ**
 Released **JULY 13**

Astronomy and the trauma of military dictatorship might seem unlikely bedfellows, but Chilean director Patricio Gurmán has combined them as the focus of his latest documentary, *Nostalgia for the Light*. His unique, ambitious approach towards healing the historical wounds his nation suffered during the Pinochet regime of the '70s has resulted in a feature that is both poetic and profoundly moving.

The film opens with shots of an old telescope housed in a Santiago observatory. These are intercut with stunning and vivid celestial vistas. In voiceover, Gurmán recalls a time when his homeland was a haven of peace, a place that harboured a growing fascination with astronomy and the mysteries of the cosmos. "The secrets of the sky began to fill on us like translucent men," he says. "That vanished, fairy-tale vision of the past, with its nostalgic sense of enchanting wonder, now gives way to darker memories and ideas."

Much of the film was shot in Chile's Atacama Desert, the driest place on earth. Gurmán makes the most of this eerie setting, lingering over its otherworldly features: the reddish hue of its Mars-like terrain, rock formations that date back before the European colonization of Latin America, and centuries-old cemeteries filled with the mummified remains of dead miners.

The place is home, we're told, to enormous paradox. Favored by astronomers and archeologists for its climate and the clearness of its skies, the desert is a prime location for studying the history of humanity and its place within the universe, but it's also where Pinochet's mining giant hid Chile's more recent, brutal past, detaining victims in Chacabuco, the regime's largest concentration camp, and burying victims "dubbed 'the disappeared'" in the surrounding expanse.

Gurmán interviews two women in their seventies who have been sifting through the desert sands for decades, desperately seeking the bones of their departed relations. These tritonnies form the film's wrenching emotional core. The shorter moment of time they've dedicated to their quest is tough to comprehend. They speak with forceful yearning and beauty of expression, with one saying she wishes the telescopes didn't just look into the sky but could also see down into the earth so all the missing could be found.

The works of astronomers and archeologists are equally striking. Gaspar Galaz explains that, while his discipline is utterly dependent on the past, unlike the mothers of the disappeared, astronomers can sleep at night, as their quests ultimately can't be compared. But former prisoners reveal that

the incentive parallel Gurmán has drawn are not inappropriate or merely arbitrary, and can provide real solace.

Luis Henríquez, who learnt to observe constellations while detained in Chacabuco, says this gave him a strong sense of interior freedom. Astronomer Valentina Rodríguez, whose parents were arrested and then promptly disappeared, believes her occupation helped her to cope with their absence. She explains that science is present in bones insofar as *life*: this matter can't be destroyed, even upon death, but is reformed as another part of the universe. **CORINNEKE**

ANTICIPATION. *Such a festival buzz about this documentary—with a difference, but will its heavy subject matter make it a flop?*

4

ENJOYMENT. *This stunningly original, poetic yet aspirational film shows just how creative and engaging documentaries can be.*

3

IN RETROSPECT. *Sticking in the mind, Nostalgia for the Light leaves much food for thought on life's important questions.*

4



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Undefeated

Directed by **DANIEL LINDSAY, TJ MARTIN**
 Starring **BILL CORTNEY, OC BROWN, MONTRAIL BROWN**
 Released **AUGUST 3**

Turning some of the same ground as Christopher Nolan's *More Than a Game* and Steve James' *Hoop Dreams* and with an unmistakable hint of Peter Berg's *Friday Night Lights*, *Undefeated* appears at first glance to be just another generic social sports fable. But as directors Daniel Lindsay and TJ Martin embed themselves in the lives of the Memphis Tigers football team in a broken-down district of Memphis, Tennessee, it emerges instead as a drama entirely understated.

For six years, Coach **Bill Cortney** has coached characters, commitment and sacrifice. It's a tough sell in a community blighted by crime and recession, to kids who can't see a future beyond the horizons of high school. But little by little, Cortney has transformed the Tigers into a winning team, leading them to their first ever playoff season.

And yet this is only half the story. While the sporting drama sets the framework, it's the human narrative that lends *Undefeated* such

heart and soul. Lindsay and Martin focus on four key players. There's Courtney, of course, the coach, articulate patriarch who sacrifices his own family for these lost-cause OC Brown is a walking tackle whose college scholarship is put at risk by poor grades. He's succeed at a coach's home in a rich white suburb, crossing Memphis' racial divide symbolically but narrowly. Chaive is the archetypal troubled youth whose personal journey is one of the film's most compelling. But it's Montreal "Money" Brown who really anchors the story. A sensitive, intelligent young man injured halfway through the season, his struggles and redemption are pure Hollywood ending.

That's the thing about American football: its uncanny propensity for drama. The unlikely season of last-minute turnaround and personal transformations is tailor-made for cinema, for montage, dramatic close-up and its sly blue realism, all of which are deployed by Lindsay and Martin, alongside an effective

ghetto gospel soundtrack.

Undefeated, then, is both the film you suspect it might be and something else entirely. The clue is in the title: "Anybody can be a winner," says Coach Courtney. "It's how you respond to failure that makes you a man." To corrupt another of his favourite phrases watching *Undefeated* won't build character, but it will assist in **WUTTSCHENSKI**

ANTICIPATION: *Looks fresh, but useless for sports docs here*
been getting excited about this one

3

ENJOYMENT: *Subtle, surprising end, at the best, revelatory*

4

IN RETROSPECT: *Can take its place proudly alongside the best in the genre*

4



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Creative Brief: LWLiquor Label



Rogot, White Lightning, Mountain Dew... Prosser County moonshine had many different names. What it didn't have was a look, a visual hook—a killer label. We aim to fix that.

This issue's Creative Brief is to design a 'LWLiquor Label'. Taking inspiration from classic whiskey bottles, Prohibition-era style and LWLies' unique aesthetic, we want you to create a one-of-a-kind label for use on a limited-edition LWLies liquor bottle.

We'll be distributing the bottle at a preview screening of *Landon* in our 7th space on Thursday September 8. The winner will be picked by *Landon* director John Dillakut himself, and will receive a screen print of their design plus two tickets to the preview screening.

To enter, simply send us your design as a high resolution JPEG to competitions@thechurchoflondon.com by 17:00 on Friday August 17.

You can also enter by Tweeting your entry to @LWLies using the hashtag #hellcreativebrief

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IMAGES:
What do you love about movies?

Tom Hanks:
I don't know... I love to disappear
into different worlds. I love people's
work. I love to see good work. I love
to be able to disappear into a film.
If I can't disappear into a film
then I end up talking through it
and I don't enjoy it. As soon as I
shut up you know I've disappeared.
In the house I used to live in many
years ago, we each had a Native
American nickname. It was kind of
a dumb joke. So our dog was called
'Eared in Hope', my flatmate, who
is an extremely loud person, was
called 'He Who Talks Through Walls'
and my name was 'He Who Talks Through
Fovies'. If I'm not talking it means
I'm inside the film and I remember
every word, every detail. That's what
I enjoy the most: disappearing.
It takes no fact like a kid again.

SEARCHING FOR SUGAR MAN

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★★★★★

**"Fascinating...
A must-see"**

★★★★

**"Powerful,
uplifting and
unforgettable"**

"An extraordinary journey"



"Astonishing"

"Extraordinarily moving"

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**"Terrific film, and
an amazing story"**

David G. Hunter, PhD, is a professor of psychology at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.

"Wonderful... as heart-warming a tale as you'll see all year"



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